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THE RALEIGH NEWS

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EUROPE.

Russians Intrenching in the Vicinity of Constantinople--Illness of Bismarck and Gortschakoff.

Moscow, April 25.—At a large meeting Governor-General Prince Dalgarukoff presiding, it was resolved that each province should furnish one cruiser for the Russian war flotilla.

London, April 25.—During a violent gale a Turkish corvette with ninety persons was lost.

4 p. m.—The growing belief in the failure of the Mediation in the Eastern troubles continue to depress stock markets. There has been a general fall in prices. Russian securities are down one per cent.

The negotiations regarding the Congress and the withdrawal of the British fleet and Russian troops from near Constantinople led to no result. It is considered very unfortunate that Prince Bismarck and Prince Gortschakoff have fallen ill at this critical juncture in the uncertainty of the issue of the *Pour Parlers*.

The Russians are doing their best to strengthen their position, and advices from various sides concur that there are considerable movements of troops toward Constantinople as well as Gallipoli according to a letter in the Vienna Politische Correspondez from Tchaldja; about thirty miles northwest from Constantinople, two thousand Sappers and eight thousand Infantry are at work there turning and completing lines thrown up by Turks along the whole line from Hadewkoi. to Derkos on the Black Sea. Four smaller redoubts have been enlarged and five new ones constructed. There still remain a good many of the siege guns belonging to the Turks. These are far from sufficient to arm the extended works, but one hundred heavy guns and thirty mortars are expected to arrive from Odessa.

It has been definitely decided that the Duke of Edinburgh shall remain in the Mediterranean.

Forty-Fifth Congress.

Washington, D. C. April 25.—Smith's managers propose to keep him in the Committee for ten days or two weeks, in order to make his path straight. There is a strong disposition as to matters of heroic poetry and political equity to twist Packard down the President's throat.

The House is considering the repeal of the Bankrupt act.

Senate.—Johnson of Virginia presented the petition of Thomas L. Moore of Virginia, for the removal of the political disabilities referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The President Pro Tempore laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, in answer to the Senates resolution of January 15, calling for information in regard to the amount of Government bonds sold since March 4th, 1861, the amount paid to the syndicates for placing them on market &c, ordered printed and referred to the committee on finance. Also a communication from the Post Master General, in regard to the deficiencies in the appropriation for that department during the current fiscal year. Referred to the committee on appropriations.

House—The session was consumed almost entirely by the discussion of the Senate bill repealing the bankrupt act, which finally passed with very slight amendments.

Mr. Schleicher, of Texas, submitted the report of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, in regard to the Mexican border troubles. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Acklen, of Louisiana, asked leave to offer a resolution for the appointment of a committee of three to investigate the charges against Special Agent Carter in regard to the recent log seizures in Louisiana. Mr. Killinger, of Pennsylvania, objected.

In the House Mr. Muldrow, of Mississippi, discussed the tariff at some length. He criticised the difference between the speech and the bill of Mr. Wood, and showed how far it was below the democratic tariff, and how it failed to relieve agriculture from the cruel discriminations of the present tariff he would only support Mr. Wood's bill as a choice of evils.

Mr. Bell, of Georgia, in an able speech in favor of the postal savings bill, showed that under the operations of this bill the foreign debt might be refunded at a lower rate of interest, and held by our own people in place of the foreign syndicates.

Senate.—Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, submitted a resolution, calling upon the Secretary of War for any information he may have, concerning the practicability and cost of improving the ship channel at the entrance of the harbor of Charleston, S. C. Agreed to.

The Senate bill for the relief of Gibbs & Co., of Charleston, S. C., passed.

The Senate then adjourned to Monday.

The New Orleans Racer.

New Orleans, April, 25.—Risk won the hurdle race. Blue Gown won the mile and a quarter in 2.17. Incommode won the mile heats straight in 150, 157½.

Sparks from the Wires.

The Postoffice at San Francisco is paying money orders in gold.

The steamer, City of Tako, has arrived at San Francisco with 968 Chinese.

Acquitted.

Richmond, April 26.—Thorn, who killed Major Sidney Pitts, and was himself wounded, has been acquitted.

Failures.

New York, April 26.—The Teutonia Savings Bank has closed. A hundred thousand deficiency.

The Strike in England.

London, April 26.—The cotton masters association has issued a circular, appealing to the employees whose hands are working at reduction to close entirely, if the strike continues, at Burnley twent-five, only, out of one hundred and eleven mills, are running. Both sides are unyielding.

As regards the bulk of the Lancashire strike district, there is very little indication of a satisfactory settlement. There seems to be no hope of a compromise by the operatives.

An Encyclical.

Rome, April 25.—An Encyclical, just issued by the Pope, points out that it is wrong for society to combat the church, and the Roman Pontificate, especially regarding the latter's civil principality, which is a guarantee of its liberty and independence. The Pope renews and confirms the protest of Pius IX against the occupation of this civil principality of the church, his holiness is confident that, with the aid of God and the zeal of pastors, society will finally return the homages it owes to the church. The Encyclical is generally moderate, and full of expressions of affection towards society.

The Mobile Commercial Convention.

Mobile, April 26.—The Commercial Convention met here to-day, ex Governor James L. Smith, of Georgia, was elected president. Sixty delegates are present from Selma, Rome, Columbus, and Eufaula, Georgia; Montgomery, Birmingham, Nashville, Pensacola, Marion, Uniontown, and from several railroads and corporations. The Cincinnati, Louisville and St., Louis delegations have not yet arrived, the train on the M. & O. Railroad being detained by the storm. A paper was read by Mr. Charles Nathan, of New Orleans, on the resources of the West Indies and Spanish America. The Convention went on an excursion to Arlington this evening.

A Great Rebellion Impending in Mexico.

New York, April 25.—A special from San Antonio, Texas, says the better class of Mexicans in this city are very much excited over Mexican affairs, and all are in smypathy with the contemplated movement against Diaz. The presence of General Escobedo in Galveston, and the various telegrams he is sending to different parts of the State, indicate business of a serious nature. Colonel Paul John T. Macharro, who is now here, yesterday received a commission as Brigadier General from Lerdo. It is said that this officer and Escobedo are procuring arms and munitions for the Lerdists. Great secrecy is maintained, but enough can be seen here to warrant the belief that a great rebellion will occur in Mexico at no far distant day.

"Material Welfare of the State."

To the Editor of the News:

Sir.—If you can allow me a little space, I will make a few suggestions in answer to your article on the State's material welfare.

1st. How shall our people be made independent of western granaries and smoke houses? The answer is plain enough. The farmer must plant less cotton and manure well what they do plant with home made fertilizers; raise all the grain, grass, and meat that they need, and enough besides for home demand. Horses and mules can be raised in the Western counties of the State cheaper than they can be bought in Ohio. We advise farmers that are in debt to sell and pay up, if it leaves only ten acres of land. Mortgaging crops, and credit prices, will soon take all. No farmer can stand it long without ruin. We trust the Legislature will repeal the mortgage or lien law; it has been anything but a benefit to the farmer.

2d. How shall our people be independent of New England mills and factories? We must hold out inducements for men of capital to come and settle among us, buy our surplus lands, establish manufactories, open mines. We must exempt them from taxation for ten years; compromise our debt, improve our county roads, canals, bridges, drain our swamps *with convict labor;* establish schools in every township; make our rivers navigable; protect sheep husbandry, fence in the stock. With such advantages emigrants with come and help us in our forward march to wealth and independence. H.

Macon County.

Franklin, N. C., April 23, '78.

To the Editor of the News:

Sir:—I see in Commissioner Polk's "circular, No. 28," a notice of Macon county, from which I make the following extracts:

1. "There is no spirit of improvment among the people," meaning the people of Macon.

2. "Their," the people of Macon's, "financial condition is miserable."

Allow me to say, sir, that some one is wofully at fault. Col. Polk had condensed his information, with too much freedom, or has been strangely misinformed. There is simply a gross error in the extracts above, but it is not believed to be intentional.

At the close of the war, I learned upon enquiry, that there were not one dozen good turning plows in Macon. To-day there are five hundred, besides many, other improved plows. Then there are reapers, mowers, corn planters, and will be wheat drills for next crops. These last have come within three years past. Ten years ago, manures were allowed to lie in the stables, and waste in the lots. Now they are not for sale—could not be bought at a reasonable price. Farming in Macon is palpably in the ascendant.

Our "financial condition is miserable!!! Mr. Editor, this is a greater error than that about the "spirit of improvement." I am sure that there are but few counties in the State, if *any*, in better financial condition than Macon. Next Monday is court, and *no property* advertised for sale, nor has the Sheriff a single court execution in his hands, except for costs or fines, it was so last court. With a single exception, not one of our merchants has been sued in ten years. Macon is proud of her solvency, of her yeomanry, of her business men, and has a right to be. Money matters are close, but our people are easy.

W. L. Love.

P. S.—Will the *Observer* and *Citizen* please copy. L.

The excitement in England in consequence of the threatening state of affairs in the East continues unabated. Night after night in some of the theatres in London the performances are interrupted by calls for the National airs. At the Haymarket Opera House recently the audience demanded "Rule Britania." Curiously enough, the orchestra could not play it, and substituted "God Save the Queen." The effect is described as extraordinary, the audience rising and cheering *en masse*. As the instrumental music was not forthcoming, "Rule Britania" was sung later on, the "gallery gods" especially distinguishing themselves by their enthusiasm.

Men enter into public life with the idea of becoming statesmen and dwindle into demagogues—they dream of becoming benefactors of mankind and wind up by erecting a shrine to NUMBER ONE.—*Norfolk Landmark.*

FLORIDA'S COUNT.

Confessions of Fraud by McLin, of the Returning Board -- Alleged Indisputable Evidence that Tilden Carried the State.

(From the New York Herald)

Jacksonville, April 23, 1878.

In accordance with orders your correspondent reached this city a few days ago. After a patient and careful investigation he is enabled to report the following, which may be relied upon, nothing being stated but what there seems to be the most perfect authority for. For several months a capable agent has been at work in the State of Florida securing such evidence as would go to show that the State went for Tilden and was fraudulently counted for Hayes. It is impossible to say in whose interest or by whose orders this investigation has been made. The agent has been well supplied with funds, has accomplished things that usually require money, and he has succeeded in getting from the managers of the count the most complete confessions of the fraud they committed. Enough has been confessed to give the State to Tilden by a large majority.

THE STATE WENT FOR TILDEN.

McLin, chairman of the Returning Board, has written an affidavit in which he says that he is now convinced he was misled in the count, and that the State really went for Tilden by 500 to 600 majority. He says Noyes, of Ohio, offered him all sorts of preferment and reward if he would only stand up to Hayes, adding that he was authorized to speak for Hayes. McLin says, influenced by this pressure, by his strong partisan bias and by the tremendous stake at issue, he was misled and gave the State to Hayes when it should have been Tilden. His affidavit is general in its nature, and is a mere premise of what he will say when the occasion offers. Two copies of this affidavit are in existence—one in New York and one in this city.

THE ALACHUA GIANT'S CONFESSION.

The most important admission is made by Dennis, the little giant of Alachua, who has confessed in a written statement to the fraud of Archer number two, where 219 votes were added bodily to the Alachua vote. Dennis says that he secured election returns signed in blank before the election. That night he had Vance and Black at his house and they destroyed the real returns and filled out those that were signed in blank, adding 219 names. The whole details of the work are given in the confession. I have not seen this paper. The mysterious agent, I am informed, failed to get it, and it is denied that it is in existence. I have the most positive information that there is a copy sealed and in the hands of a prominent democratic official awaiting a certain contingency. I have seen two men who have seen this confession. I am told that Dennis discloses it to Gen Butler (who is his friend in Washington), and that he possibly has a copy of it.

DENNIS GETS HIS REWARD.

I am also reliably told that Dennis read it to Senator Sargeant and demanded a good position at the hands of Hayes. Threatening to publish it if he was not satisfied he received, a few days ago, a commission as revenue agent in Ohio. In the meantime there were seven indictments against Dennis in the State courts which his friends claim were political prosecutions. Against these cases a nolle prosequi was entered on the 10th inst. by State Attorney Hocker. About that time a full confession of Dennis as to Alachua went into the hands of a prominent democrat, and is there yet.

"I CAN'T ADD ANOTHER NAME."

A few days after the election a sealed message was sent to Dennis asking him to "add more names to the list, as there isn't enough." He said, impatiently, "I've added all I have to it already, and I can't add another name." I have this from the most undoubted source, and it is a part of Dennis' confession. Green R. Morre, who swore in this Alachua case to the fraud and then denied it, and then reswore it, was killed the other day. Floyd Duke, a negro, who swore all the time that it was a fraud, still sticks to it; so do Black and Belton. The Alachua fraud, therefore—a plain and proven fraud—when first brought before the Board, now stands confessed or avowed by every one of those who participated in it.

BAKER COUNTY FRAUDS.

The Baker county case is shown up quite as completely. It will be remembered that this county, reliably democratic and near to the capital, was held back to the very last. The official returns gave the democrats 95 majority. By a strange coincidence the State was just evenly balanced on the prima facie returns without this county, so that as it stood Tilden would have had the State by 95 majority or just his majority in Baker county. It was, of course, important that Hayes should have the prima facie victory so that there would be no appearance of changing the verdict of the people. Accordingly a new justice of the peace was appointed and a new return made by dropping out two precincts, so that it gave Hayes an apparent majority of 43. The democratic managers were astounded at this disclosure, made only on the day of the count. A dramatic scene occurred when the false returns were read. McLin was forced to produce the original return, but the false return was adhered to, and it was adopted in the final count.

A SHOCKING EXPOSE.

The whole story is now made plain through the confession of the participants; at least two of the three have made written affidavits, and, I think, the third one also. The law in Florida required that the returns of the various precincts in the county should be canvassed and certified by the clerk of the court, a justice of the peace and either the county judge or sheriff as a third party. In Baker county a local politician, so the confession runs, agreed to hold the returns back until it was decided what was needed to carry the State, and then to so canvass the returns as to meet the emergency. It appears he had perfect control of the judge and sheriff, so that when the clerk and justice, who had superintended the election, applied to each of them to assist in the canvass and certify to its correctness they declined. The canvass was then made and forwarded by the clerk and justice. When it discovered what was needed a new justice was appointed just for the occasion, and a false canvass was made and forwarded.

EVEN THE BOGUS JUSTICES.

The new Justice now writes a confession and says that he was approached by a politician, who asked him if he didn't want to be a justice. He agreeing, the man pulled out his commission ready made and handed it to him. He then told him that unless the returns from Baker were properly doctored the Democrats would beat them. After some persuasion. Green went into the scheme. The three men caucussed, and were notified that a difference of about one hundred and fifty votes was needed. They thereupon looked the returns over and selected at random two precincts—Darbyville and Johnsville—which gave the Democrats just 143 majority. Finding that this number would be sufficient they threw out the precincts entirely. He swears that the first return, and that the last one was made especially for the purpose indicated. This affidavit is backed by a similar one from the Sheriff who participated in the false canvass, and, it is said by the Judge also, the affidavits are precise, strong and definite.

COLUMBIA COUNTY FRAUDS.

In Columbia county quite as serious frauds are confessed to. I learn that an affidavit has been procured from a man who swears that he was sent into Georgia and procured 179 negroes to come over and vote in the election. He was to be paid $500 for this and secured $200.

LEON COUNTY ALSO.

The Leon county count is also ripped up and exposed. There are, I learn, three affidavits bearing upon this subject, definitely acknowledging the frauds and giving the manner in which they were accomplished. This is the county in which Bowes' "little jokes" were used, they being thumb nail tickets, which were hidden in the large tickets. It involves a loss of about two hundred votes to Hayes. There are numerous other cases upon which affidavits have been obtained, but I cannot write definitely of them tonight. It is certain that the whole State has been carefully recanvassed, and in almost every case that was attacked by the Democrats evidence of a direct sort has been obtained. It is usually in the shape of a confession or affidavit from one of the participants.

STRIVING TO SHUT OUT THE LIGHT.

It is impossible at present to get possession of any of the affidavits or copies of them or even a look at them. The parties who have made them say that it will all come out after a while. An attempt is being made to-night to suppress it all, and there is a closing up of avenues of information. The Democrats appear to know very little of the latter, and the Republicans not much more. I was informed to-night by a prominent Democrat that the contest over Bisbee's seat had been kept open until now simply for the purpose of carrying these new developments before the people if all other efforts to get them before Congress failed. Another informant, who told me of Dennis' confession, says that that paper was given with an understanding that it was not to be used against Bisbee.

WHERE DENNIS' STATEMENT IS.

I am enabled to state, from information just received that is conclusive, that Dennis' statement, full and explicit, is now in the hands of certain parties in Washington. It was forwarded by W. D. Bloxham, Secretary of State of Florida, who received it from Dennis. He had it at Gainesville. He has retained a copy of it.

LIGHTNING IS STRIKING.

It is believed that Cagill is preparing a statement on the electoral count in Florida. He was in this city a week ago, and is said to have made some important revelations. The lightning is striking around his head pretty close. The whole bottom has fallen out of the Republican case in Florida, and there will hardly be found any man to defend it. I believe the case is fully made up.

Mr. Heth's Conversion.

(N. Y. Times.)

There is a merchant in St. Louis whose name is Heth, and with his shovel keen he mixes the sugar and sand at a breath, and does other professional, though immoral, things This merchant has recently been converted to a belief in spiritualism, and the method of his conversion may interest the public:

One day Mr. Heth was requested by his partner to make out a bill of certain goods that were to be shipped to a Kansas customer. Accordingly, he took up a blank bill-head and dipped his pen in the ink-stand. After a few moments' reflection as to the best way to make seven dollars' worth of mistakes in the bill, he began to write. Instead of writing, "To one barrel extra superfine flour," he wrote, "Go and see Mrs. Smith, on Franklin street, near the brewery." As he read what he had written his astonishment was so great that he might easily have been knocked down by a sledge hammer. He did not know "Mrs. Smith," and had not the least desire to go to "Franklin street." How he could possibly have written an order to go and see her was utterly unaccountable, and he sat on his stool and used language expressive of his emotions for several minutes. His partner, who was a pious man and was, also, in a hurry, recalled Mr. Heth to his duty, and the latter, throwing aside the spoiled bill-head, took up another and again attempted to make out the Kansas person's account. Once more his hand, in spite of himself, wrote the mysterious direction to call upon the unknown Mrs. Smith. By this time Mr. Heth was so nervous that he threw down his pen and, informing his partner that he was too ill to write, went out to take—that is to say, to meditate.

That his hand should have declared independence and undertaken to write what it pleased, was not only surprising but intolerable. Mr. Heth grew pale as he reflected that his wife might ask him to direct a letter for her, and that his rebellious hand might thereupon write things that would transform his happy home into a wilderness howling with stove-lids and broom handles. Suddenly it occurred to him that he had a friend who was a spiritualist, and whom he had often derided for his belief in ghosts. To this friend he now betook himself and told him the story of the marvelous bill-head.

The spiritualist friend heard him courteously, and then told him that the matter was a very simple one; that he was controlled by a spirit, and that the latter, for some reason, wished him to call on Mrs. Smith. He also advised Mr. Heth to obey the direction without delay, and offered to go with him. Mr. Heth for a time resisted stoutly, alleging that he did not believe in spirits, and that if a spirit had undertaken to give him advice, he did not see why he should follow it. However, the friend was earnest and prevailed. The two set forth for Franklin-street, and after prolonged inquiry ascertained that Mrs. Smith lived on the tenth floor of the tenement-house No. 267.

On climbing the stairs and knocking at Mrs. Smith's door, Mr. Heth and his friend were told in a feeble voice to "come." They went in, and were shocked to find a woman lying on the floor and dying, as she explained, of starvation. Mr. Heth was humane, and instantly sent out for food, after eating which the dying woman revived and entered into conversation. She was the widow, so she said of an estimable gentleman, and she had failed to find any employment. Her money had long since vanished, and she had eaten nothing for several weeks. Just before the two visitors had knocked at her door she had decided to die of starvation, and would undoubtedly have carried her laudable purpose into execution had not help arrived.

Mr. Heth was now so much interested that he readily acceded to his friend's proposal that they should visit a "medium" and have an interview with the spirit who had taken control of Mr. Heth's hand and pen. The medium in question was a woman of extensive acquaintance with ghosts, and soon as Mr. Heth had told her his story she rose up and shook him warmly by the hand. Being warned by his friend that the medium was acting under the control of a spirit, Mr. Heth made no manifestations of surprise, and the medium, speaking in the name of a ghostly Smith, explained that the husband of the starving woman, being anxious to save her life, had directed the noble and charitable Heth to assist her. In return for this assistance the spirit promised to welcome Mr. Heth to the spirit land, and to insure him a pleasant reception.

The next day the spiritualist friend called on Mr. Heth, and, congratulating him on his conversion to spiritualism, asked him if he did not feel wonderfully happy. Mr. Heth said he did not. "I believe in spiritualism," he remarked, "but I don't like it. Don't you see that from what Smith's ghost says a man does not loose sight of his wife after his death, and is in constant danger of having her come to him. Smith has fought the thing off for this time. He had stopped his wife just as she was starting to find him, and, of course, he feels very happy. But this affair gives a man a painful view of the spirit land. It shows that there is no rest for the married. Sooner or later Mrs. Heth will meet me in the spirit world, and yet, in the face of this certainly, you expect me to be cheerful."

Mr. Heth has received no more orders from Mr. Smith's ghost, but he lives in constant expectation that other married ghosts will send him to the aid of dying wives. He is a firm believer in spiritualism, but his existence is embittered thereby. The St. Louis papers point him out as a remarkable man, and challenge Chicago to produce a merchant who is on familiar terms with a ghost, but he takes no pleasure in his notoriety. His partner says that there is no truth in the story, and that Mr. Heth dreamed it after a prolonged course of—well, just after bock beer made its appearance. People living in the East cannot, of course, be required to have an opinion concerning anything which happens in St. Louis, but there will be probably many who will agree with Mr. Heth's partner, and will refuse to be convinced of the truth of spiritualism, in spite of all that the St. Louis newspapers may say.

A New Source of Wealth.

(N. Y. Herald)

Soon after the close of the late civil war the attention of certain planters in the South, especially in Louisiana, was directed to a new fibre known as ramie, which it was alleged would, in its production to the acre, be more profitable than cotton, and its use as a textile supply the place of jute, hemp, flax and other similar materials. Experiments were made and still continue in various portions of the South, and the results generally are described as favorable. Thus far, however, it appears that our inventors have not been successful in making machinery whereby the various productions of the fibre—as for instance in the construction of paper, coarse cloth, carpets and bagging—can be economically utilized. The concurrent testimony is to the effect that ramie is a hardy, easily grown plant and under certain conditions easily manipulated; that its most important uses are in the germ and are only awaiting the developments of experience, art and science to be made available among the larger industrial resources of the United States. If it be true that from twenty-eight to thirty millions of dollars are annually expended by us for foreign fibres, and that we have within our grasp an equivalent of these materials, surely the country that produced the cotton gin will not be long in finding a way to add value to a new product and make for it a market.

Another Labor-Saving Machine.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Yesterday Mr. James Maglenn, master mechanic of the Carolina Central Railroad, erected and set in operation at the water tank in this city an engine which is run without steam—hot air being used instead. The engine has two cylinders, is of very simple structure, and is valuable mainly on account of its cheapness and the small amount of fuel consumed. The entire cost of the machine is about $350, and forty pounds of coal will keep it in motion for a day, during which time it will pump from eighteen to twenty thousand gallons of water. They have been used for some time and with great satisfaction on the Atlantic, Mississippi & Ohio Railroad, for filling tanks, and also in hotels, machine shops and other buildings where water is used in large quantities. They take up very little more room than an ordinary stove, and can be operated without the slightest inconvenience or trouble. The air engine is a comparatively new invention in its present form, and is destined to come into very common use.

Independents.

(Wilmington Dispatch.)

We hear a good deal of talk about "Independents." An independent candidate is always an ally of the other. He expects to get the votes of the adversaries of the party to which he professes to belong, and a few of his own party, and so succeed. If success could be achieved by such a course, any one must see that the independent would be under such obligations to the other side as to practically belong to it. Such success would destroy the party to which he belongs and give the field to its opponents. So every independent is an enemy to the Democratic party, whom no true Democrat can support; to support him is to practically go over to the enemy. Down with independents—it matters not what their pretext may be. Stand to the organization and support the nominees. It is the only course.

THE PRESIDENTIAL TITLE.

Views of Congressmen--Sentiments of Our Delegation.

The Senate and House of Representatives have been thoroughly canvassed by the New York *Herald* correspondents, on the bill introduced by Mr. Kimmell, of Maryland, at the suggestion of Mr. Montgomery Blair, to allow of quo warranto proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to ascertain the validity of the title of the incumbent of the Presidency. The fact is disclosed that 256 members of both houses oppose the scheme. Of the 76 Senators, 49 are opposed to the bill, 1 in favor, 17 on the fence, and 9 absent. The division of the Senate by politics shows, Democratic Senators, 24 opposed, 1 in favor, 9 on the fence; Republican Senators, opposed 25, on the fence 7; Independent Senators, on the fence 1. Of the 292 members of the House, there are Representatives opposed 207, in favor 14, on the fence 50, absent 21. The division of the House by politics shows Democratic Representatives opposed 94, in favor 13, on the fence 43; Republican Representatives, opposed 115, in favor 1, on the fence 7. The grand recapitulation shows Democrats in both houses, opposed 116, in favor 14, on the fence 52; Republicans in both houses, opposed 140, in favor 1, on the fence 1.

The North Carolina Democratic delegation is solidly opposed to re-opening the Presidential question. Senator Ransom is opposed to Blair's bill, and thinks that any movement to discuss the question ought to come from the people. Senator Merrimon says that he does not know of any way by which the question can be re-opened. If there were he might be in favor of investigating the fraud, but in his opinion Congress has exhausted its power, and there the subject must rest. The following are given as the interviews with our Representatives:

Joseph J. Davis, opposed: "The bill has been properly referred to the Judiciary committee, and will probably never be heard from again."

William M. Robbins, pronounces the bill a humbug. There is nothing in it and it ought to die in the committee. He is opposed to the measure and thinks it will never again be heard from.

Alfred M. Scales, opposed—"What good can you predict will follow the re-opening of the question? It is beyond my ken. The Electoral Commission ought to have settled the matter forever."

Walter L. Steele, opposed—"It is an old maxim that the interests of the Republic demand that there should be an end of strife, and this Presidential muddle is ended by the wisdom of the statute of limitation. It is a happy thing that it is so."

Robert B. Vance, says: "It is unnecessary, and as a political measure is not calculated to do anyone the least particle of good."

Alfred M. Waddell, opposed—"I cannot see what possible good can come from such agitation. Having surrendered our right in good faith let us abide by the bargain."

Jesse J. Yeates, opposed—"You may quote me as being bitterly opposed to the bill. I shall speak and vote against it, and do all I may fairly do to beat it."

The *N. Y. Herald*, commenting upon this subject says:

"The full significance of the great body of interviews which we publish will not be appreciated without some explanation of circumstances. What appears on the face of the interviews would seem conclusive enough as to the chances of Mr. Blair's project; but to perceive their full force it is necessary to read them in connection with the remarkable despatch from Jacksonville, describing the confession of McLin, the chairman of the Florida Returning Board. It was because we knew that such a confession was inexistence that we thought it worth while to procure these interviews. Now the great point on which we desire to fix our attention is that McLin's confession was well known in a confidential way to most of the Senators and Representatives when they gave to the *Herald* their opinions on the question raised by the Maryland memorial. They have not been entrapped into declaring their sentiments in ignorance of the facts. In spite of knowledge of McLin's forthcoming confession the members of both houses are almost unanimous in condemning the attempt to re-open the question of Mr. Hayes' title."

Raised to the Desconate.

(Tarboro Southerner)

At the conclusion of the morning sermon at Calvary Church, Sunday, the usual services were varied by the solemn ceremony of raising J. B. Cheshire, Jr., to be a deacon. This new minister, whose young life is to be devoted to God and the Church, is a son of the beloved Rector of Calvary Church. His unvarying morality from boyhood, the many sweet phases of amiable character, constant cheerfulness and charity, blended with extraordinary brightness of intellect open up a vista of splendid possibilities vouchsafed to few in His Holy calling.

Tarboro, where he is such a universal favorite, is proud of him and will regret to lose him, but he will be called, we understand, at once, to the Chapel of the Cross Church in Chapel Hill.

New York Tribune: A beardless young man, of a pale, studious face, clear blue eyes, dreamy aspect, and chestnut locks—this is Edison, the inventor of the phonograph. He is very deaf, and, it is said, has never heard clearly the voice of his invention. The phonograph is his 158th patent, and from his inventions he is said to draw a large income. He has a handsome house, but does not himself enjoy society, and is never so miserable as when he is idle. It is related that when in this city a few weeks ago, he spent three hours in an organ factory, and in that time made four practical suggestions to the manufacturer, and learned to play six airs.

A teamster in Eureka, Nev., presisted in using a particular vicious mule, and for the following reason: "I used to have a sweetheart back in Injiany that I was orful gone on, and this yer, mule has so many pints in common that my heart just yearns over her. She was as likely a girl as ever run barefooted in a cornfield, but she was too obstinate to enjoy good health. She'd look you right smiling in the eye, and you'd think that were more sugar in her nor in a New Orleans molasses hogshead, but if you laid your hands on her unexpected like, she'd kick the breeching all to flinters in less than a minute. That's just the way with that mule; but you get in a place where the mud's deep, and the rest of the team kerflummixed, and call onto her for assistance, and blast my eyes if she won't pull herself clear out of her hide to help you out of your trouble. That were the very way with Nancy, and I keep the mule outer love for the gal."

Anecdotes of George D. Prentice.

[N. Y. Star.]

A good story is told of George D. Prentice, of the Louisville *Courier Journal*, of which Henry Watterson, the Kentucky Congressman, "with one eye and a new baby," as his servant once described him, is now editor, and who has recently made fame by saying on the Silver bill debate "Universal suffrage can made soft soap a legal-tender if it has a mind to."

When George D. Prentice arrived in Louisville, it was not as a brilliant young journalist, looking for a position in which to shine, but as a drunken loafer, utterly uncertain about a place in which to sleep. In this condition he met and made friends with a fellow who was as near a tramp as any that existed in that day, and who was known as a "strolling tinker," or travelling mender of tin pots. They made a day of it, to the extent of the funds they both had, and such credit as they could get, at the risk of boots applied to their coat-tails. Night came on, and George D. Prentice bewailed his lavish and open drinking, which left him without the means to get a bed. The tinker said, with the lordly hospitality of a very tipsy man; "You shall go home with me."

George assented to his "comerlon germe," and arm in arm they started for their "home." The man seemed to know where he was going, and soon reached an obscure street, not far from the Ohio river. He paused at a shed, let down a bar, and again mumbled out his word, which could be divided in "come-'er-long-'er-me." Then he at once rolled over the bar, and fell into some straw, and, Prentice following, there were some small squeals, and some loud snd angry grunts, as of disturbed swine.

Prentice shook his friend, who was already asleep, and said: "See here, is *this* your home?"

"Yes, sir-ee," said the sleepy tinker. "It sounds and smells like a hog-pen," said the half sobered Prentice.

"What:—or that—they'll have to stand it," said the fellow, and went to sleep.

Prentice was still too drunk to know how to get out again, but he lay and thought. His thoughts were: "Here am I, a man of good education, and of good parents and well brought up. I have been enjoying myself and living high, and having a good time. Let's see how high I have got. I am out of clothes, out of money, out of character—that's three outs; and I have arisen to be the companion of a strolling tinker. That's my outing and elevation. Now what have I got *in* to—let me see? Oh, I see, or rather smell—*into* a hog-pen. If I ever get out, I'll quit, and serve God for better wages."

He did quit, and became the first journalist and wit of the Southwest. A man once said to Prentice, as an excuse for his dishonesty in trade, "I must live, you know." The latter adopted Dean Swift's famed reply, "I don't see that at all, sir," by saying, with greater and sharper emphasis, "What for? I'll let you off." An elderly, but rather unsound cotemporary of the press once spoke of him in his early days as "the green editor." Prentice replied, "Better green than rotten." To Another, who was in bad odor as to political honesty, he sent a box of disinfectant, marked, "for personal use."

All things considered, vulgar and duellist as he was, George D. Prentice was the truest friend that ever shot an intimate acquaintance, the kindest man that ever kicked a bore down stairs, and the sweetest poet who ever wrote editorials that made even Western men blush.

He gave to Amelia B. Welby, the sweet poetess of the West her opportunity for fame, and her compensation when she reached it, and God might forgive His worshipper who first printed her "Rainbow."

How wide was the sweep of its beautiful wings,
How brilliant its circle, how radiest its rings,
If I looked on the sky, 'twas suspended in air,
If I looked on the ocean, the rainbow was there;
Thus forming a girdle as brilliant and whole
As the thoughts of the rainbow encircling my soul.

The Only Living Relic of the Custer Slaughter.

(Bismarck (Dakota) Letter to the Chicago Times.)

Gen. S. D. Sturgis, of the Seventh Cavalry, has issued an unusually interesting order to his immediate command. It reads as follows: "The war-horse, known as 'Comanche,' being the only living representative of the bloody tragedy of the Little Big Horn, June 25, 1876, his kind treatment and comfort should be a matter of pride and solicitude on the part of every member of the Seventh Cavalry, to the end that his life may be prolonged to the utmost limit; wounded and scarred as he is, his very existence speaks in terms more eloquent than words of the desperate struggle against overwhelming numbers, of the hopeless contlict, and of the heroic manner in which all went down on that fatal day.

"The commanding officer of Company 'I' will see that a special and comfortable stall is up for him, and he will not be ridden by any person whatsoever under any circumstances, nor will he be put to any kind of work. Hereafter upon all occasions of ceremony (of mounted regimental formation) 'Comanche, saddled, bridled, draped in mourning, and led by a mounted trooper of Company 'I,' will be paraded with the regiment."

"Comanche" was the war horse of Captain Keogh. Fort Keogh was named after the brave soldier.

The shocking condition in which the finances of the State of Louisiana were left after the close of the war is illustrated by the fact that the revenue of the Roman Catnolic diocese of New Orleans has been funded into a lottery. There everything is a chance, and the lottery seems the surest investment. For further information, write to M. A. Daulphin, President of the Louisburg State Lottery Company, P. O. Box 602, New Orleans, La.

During a storm at Tallahassee on Monday week, the belfry of St. John's Church was struck by lightning, and the cross with which it was surrounded was shattered, and the bell rendered unserviceable.

ORANGE COUNTY.

Thoughts on the "P. B. M." Letters--A Defence of Ku-Klux--Affairs in Orange and Chapel Hill.

[Special correspondence of The News.]

Chapel Hill, April 25th, 1878.

LETTERS OF "P. B. M."

Are the letters written by "P. B. M." a vindication of David Schenck from alleged charges or a condemnation of Randolph A. Shotwell? The first letter writteu by the gentleman from Cabarrus was to some extent vindicatory of Judge Schenck; the last letter was condemnatory of Captain Shotwell. We thought the letters were written to clear up the charges made against the Judge so as to make him a fit candidate for the Supreme Court Bench. Shotwell's letter was a "scorcher," and from its general tone we imagine that the "half has not been told."

We are sorry to see that "P. B. M." devotes so much time and space in proving that Randolph A. Shotwell was a Ku-Klux. Everybody knows it. For this crime (?) he has suffered the penalty of the law. We must say in honor to Captain Shotwell that we admire any man who exerted himself to avert the evils of misrule under which we labored during the time of the Ku-Klux.

A WORD FOR KU-KLUXISM.

This body was organized for a good purpose. Political excitement made many of the Klans commit violence which all honest men condemn. But is there any one who will believe that any true citizen of North Carolina ever committed an outrage upon the body or property of another without cause? Did the Ku-Klux visit Mr. Justice without cause? We think not. Knowing that they could not get justice done by process of law, they made their own laws and executed them. It is certainly to be regretted that they went to the extremes in some cases. But the day of Ku-Klux is past. It was an organization much needed, and it did great good. We do not propose to vindicate any one's record who was engaged in the Ku-Klux work.

SCHENCK'S WITHDRAWAL FOR CHIEF JUSTICE.

It is quite strange that the friends of Judge Schenck should withdraw his name from the nomination for Chief Justice. And it happened about a week after Capt. Shotwell's letter appeared. Was there anything in it which forced this movement upon them? His friends say they were laboring under the impression that Judge Smith was an anti-State's Rights man. It must have been a severe amount of labor they endured. Why did they not ask the friends of Judge Smith his position in this matter? It would have been an easy matter and may have been the means of getting "P. B. M.'s" favorite a seat on the Supreme Court Bench—a seat he is not now likely to get. It appears from the Charlotte *Democrat* that Judge Schenck's name was not withdrawn when Judge Smith's true position was first authoritatively communicated to his friends. But they waited three weeks, for says the *Democrat*, in speaking of the withdrawal, "we believe it has been in contemplation for the past three weeks to have such an announcement made." It seems Judge Schenck's friends were a little tardy in this matter, in no particular hurry to withdraw his name. What finally awakened them to a sense of withdrawing duty? In the absence of any better reason we must say it was Randolph A. Shotwell's card.

If none of the charges made against Judge Schenck are true, if he has never entered into any combination to obtain the Chief Justiceship, we are willing to support him for Associate Justice, since we believe he is an able and learned jurist. We are not attacking Judge Schenck, but are following out P. B. M's. advice of laying all the blame on his friends.

COUNTY POLITICS.

Our county politics are beginning to engage the attention of the people. If Orange county is entitled to a Senator, Major Jno. W. Graham will be nominated unanimously. He is an able lawyer, and is in favor of paying honest debts. He is too well known in the State to need any comment from us. Several candidates have been mentioned for the Legislature, among them, A. W. Graham, the most popular young man in the county; J. B. Hutchins, a practical farmer from Chapel Hill; Caleb B. Greene, editor of the Durham *Tobacco Plant*. There is an attempted movement on foot to "coax" Judge George Laws from the clerk's office. This will not be done. Mr. Laws is the most efficient clerk in North Carolina, and the only man in the county who can tell you any thing you wish

DAILY NEWS

FRIDAY ..... APRIL 26, 1878

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE STATE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

PUBLISHED IN

The News Building, No. 6. Martin Street

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Three months	1.50
One month	50

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CONTRACTORS will positively not be allowed to exceed their space, or advertise other than their legitimate business except by paying specially for the same

STATE NEWS.

Durham Tobacco Plant: The Democratic Convention, to nominate a candidate for Solicitor for this Judicial District, will meet in the town of Durham on the 11th, of June next.

The Statesville Landmark says: By some fatality a copy of Ingersoll's lecture on future punishment found its way to Statesville. It has been read almost thread-bare by the young men, inculcating many false and bad ideas. Such literature is a curse to the country and should be suppressed.

At Richmond, Va., Tuesday, in the United States Circuit Court, Judge Bond rendered judgment in the case of W. T. Blackwell & Co., of North Carolina, against W. E. Dibbrell & Co., of that city, giving damages in $5,000 against the latter for their improvement of Blackwell's Durham brand of smoking tobacco.

Washingron Press: An extra train will run over to Jamesville on Wednesday, for the accommodation of Bishop Lyman, who is to preach in Jamesville on that day. We are informed by Mr. Fisher, the manager of the railroad, that he is now making an effort to secure an express line over the railroad to this place, with a fair prospect of success.

Durham Tobacco Plant: The building committee on the Methodist church are making preparations to run a brick yard and will make their own brick. A few nights since some person or persons made a raid upon the yard pulled down the sheds, tore up the yard, &c. A similar depredation was committed upon the walls of the new Baptist church last fall.

Washington Press: We learn that preparations are being made for surveying the railroad between Robersonville and the Jamesville & Washington Railroad, so as to make the connection between this place and Tarboro. Let some interest be manifested and soon the long desired line will be established and we can have the connection so much needed.

Newbern Nut Shell: Five Presbyteries constitute the Synod of North Carolina; of these, Orange Presbytery is the oldest, being considerably over one hundred years old. Other Presbyteries have grown from its original domains. It has now about thirty one ordained ministers of the Gospel, and more than 3,000 communicants. Its spring session was opened Wednesday night, in the Presbyterian Church of our city, by a sermon from Rev. Jacob Doll, Moderator, pastor of the church in Reidsville, N. C.

Wilmington Review: The assemblage at Burgaw on Wednesday, May the 1st, promises to be large. The managers of the festival in aid of the Academy there are busy at work. The committee of arrangements for the railroad meeting have invited the speakers, and are making other proper arrangements. The invited speakers are Major Charles W. McClammy, of Pender; James G. Scott, of Onslow; Rev. John N. Stallings, and John D. Stanford, Esq., of Duplin. These gentlemen are expected to be present and deliver addresses on the important occasion.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Ghosts are the latest sensation in Athens, Georgia.

Counterfeit money is largely in circulation in Memphis.

New Orleans is enraged at the attempt of the towboat men to obstruct the jetties.

Gov. Nicholls, of Louisiana, is still wrestling with the constitutionality of the Moffett register bill.

There are 484 Mississippians on the pension rolls who fought in the Mexican, Black Hawk and other wars.

The fruit crop throughout West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas appears to be in a flourishing condition.

Governor Hubbard, of Texas has issued arms and ammunition to guards for railroad trains against robbers.

On the first of September, 1877, the State of Texas, held free of liability 49,340,440 acres of public domain, equivalent to 77,094 square miles.

Fear is expressed that the crops have been materially damaged by the late heavy rains in Florida. In some sections planting operations are much retarded.

There are published in Texas, three Baptist, two Christian, one Presbyterian, one Methodist, one spiritual and one hundred and seventy Democratic papers.

Tennessee makes her convicts profitable to the State, receiving for her penitentiary lease $70,000 for expenses of transportation of convicts from place of conviction to prison.

In Nelson county, Va., a hawk was recently seen to seize a large moccasin snake and soar a considerable height with the serpent writhing in its claws, when suddenly the bird clasped its wings and fell to the ground. The maccasin had bitten it in the neck, but the talons of the hawk were so buried in the vitals of the serpent that it also died.

A Georgia farmer lately made some scare-crows of certain pieces of old clothing belonging to his children, and placed them in his fields. The same night some enterprising thief came along and carried off the whole concern.

Probably the smallest paper in the world is issued at Orlando, Florida. Its size is two and a half by three inches, and claims a circulation of 1,200. It is printed monthly by the Mite Publishing Company, and can be obtained for enormous subscription price of six cents per year. Its name is the *Florida Mite*.

Philadelphia Times: The noble game of draw poker has encountered a grand jury at Wheeling, West Virginia, and there is going to be a desperate struggle to see which will get the best of it. Sixty-four of the first citizens of Wheeling have been indicted "for besotting and gambling in hotels," and many of them have become excited over the matter. A meeting attended by thirty of the indicted, has been held, a pool organized to fight the indictment, the best legal talent in the State engaged, and, altogether, there is an enterprising determination to see if one of the boasted rights of the American citizen is to be interfered with in this way.

The Bankrupt Act.

The United States Senate has passed an act repealing the bankrupt act. It will take effect immediately upon the approval of the President, but a saving clause protects all cases commenced prior to the repeal going into effect. The following is the full text of the repeal bill:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the bankrupt law, approved March 2, 1867, and all acts in amendment or supplementary thereto, or in explanation thereof, be and the same are hereby repealed: *Provided however*, That such repeal shall in no manner invalidate or affect a case in bankruptcy instituted and pending in any court prior to the day when this act shall take effect, but as to all such pending cases and all future proceedings therein the acts hereby repealed shall continue in full force and effect until the same shall be fully disposed of in the same manner as if said acts had not been repealed.

This bill passed the Senate by a vote of 37 to 6, and, as the House has passed a similar bill at nearly every session since its enactment in 1867, defeated only by the non-concurrence of the Senate, it is fairly certain that this act, the fruitful source of so many blessings and curses, will terminate within the coming week.

Whether this repeal is wise or otherwise, it is hardly fortunate for our people that it comes upon the heels of the decision in the Kearzey case. The bankrupt act, (sec. 5,045), protects the homestead from levy and sale for debts contracted prior to the adoption of the State Constitution, during the life of the homesteader and his wife, and the minority of his youngest child; and, under the Kearzey decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, the bankrupt law is the only refuge from absolute beggary of such as come within the terms of that decision.

The following is a copy of so much of Section 5,045, Revised Statutes of the United States, Title Bankruptcy, as bears upon this subject:

Section —. There shall be excepted from the operation of the conveyance * * * and such other property not included in the foregoing exceptions as is exempted from levy and sale upon execution or other process or order of any Court by the laws of the State in which the bankrupt has his domicile at the time of the commencement of the proceedings in bankruptcy, to an amount allowed by the Constitution and laws of each State, as existing in the year 1871; and such exemptions shall be valid against debts contracted before the adoption and passage of such State Constitution and laws, as well as those contracted after the same, and against liens by judgment or decree of any State Court, any decision of any such Court rendered since the adoption and passage of such constitution and laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

It is, perhaps, much to be regretted that the act has not been made to go into effect four or six months after its passage, instead of from the date of its ratification. The repeal bill is quite a surprise to the country. Many men must now be inevitably ruined who might, under an extension of the time for the operations of the act to begin, have saved something from the wreck of their estates. As it is, bankrupt persons now have left but a few days in which to commence proceedings in bankruptcy, under the existing United States Statute.

The N. Y. *Tribune* says the recent increase in the number of failures is generally attributed to the prospect of repeal of the Bankrupt Act. Not only since the vote of the Senate for the repeal, but ever since the agitation for it appeared likely to prevail, this cause has operated with more and more force. Doubtless it produced much of the increase in number of failures during the quarter ending March 31. The number during the quarter was 3,355, against 2,856 during the first quarter of last year. It does not seem unreasonable to suppose that as many as 6 in 10,000 of the firms doing business may have been induced by the prospect of a repeal of the Bankrupt Act to take that mode of getting rid of debts, or may have been forced into bankruptcy by creditors, in order to guard against the different proceedings which will be possible after the act has been repealed. The increase in number of failures was about 30 per cent. in New England, about 26 per cent. in the Western and Southern States, and very small in the Middle States; in the Pacific States there was a decrease.

The journal from which we gather these figures remarks that very many failures must be expected during the time remaining before the act of repeal takes effect. In some places the bankruptcy proceedings only anticipate a collapse which could not long be delayed, but in many other instances the failures are essentially fraudulent in character. Sometimes there is collusion between the bankrupt and one or more of the creditors; sometimes a part of the creditors conspire to wreck a firm, in order to control the choice of an assignee, and to secure advantages over other creditors in the disposition of property. There are strong reasons for urging a continuance of the Bankrupt Act, but it is evidently too late to urge them. The act is in some respects very faulty, and has caused general dissatisfaction by its defects and the abuses which have grown up under it.

THE steady continuance of business failures is alarming. First one wise financier, then another, endeavors to account for the financial distresses which mark and mar the times. We have seen no sufficient reasons yet. The want of currency is the cause most generally assigned; but it seems to be folly to urge that a lack of circulating medium creates these disasters, or that they are caused by an absence of available capital for business purposes. This is demonstrated by the following comparison: The National banking capital in the Middle States, according to Dun, Barlow & Co.'s annual circular for 1877, is $18,000,000, and the number of traders employing it are 224,000. The banking capital in the Western States is only $89,000,000, with 231,000 traders. The difference in the number of traders between the two sections is very slight, yet, notwithstanding the fact that the banking capital in the Middle States is over double that of the Western States, the failures are ten per cent. greater. Misfortune has come to only every eighty-fourth trader in the West; but it has overtaken every seventy-third business man in the Middle States. The statement from which we get these facts, says, "The figures for the Southern States, as compared with those of the New England States, are even more suggestive. Notwithstanding the solidity and wealth of New England, its established sources of income from its long career of success, and its enormous investments within and without its own borders, its perfect monetary facilities, and other great advantages, yet all this does not preserve its traders from failing in numbers far greater than in the Southern States—ruined by war, retarded by misrule, and only just recovering to a self-sustaining power of existence. The New England States have a national bank capital of $167,000,000 for the accommodation of 77,000 traders and manufacturers. The Southern States have a national bank capital of only $42,000,000 for the use of their 91,000 traders. Yet the New England traders seem to have much the hardest times, for therein 1 in every 58 fails, while in the South it is only 1 in every 85." Of all the Southern States, none have been freer from failures than North Carolina.

STRONG efforts will be made to procure the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on State Banks. On the 22d of January last, Senator Butler, of South Carolina, introduced the following bill, which was read twice, and referred to the Committe on the Judiciary:

A Bill to repeal Section 3,412 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, the same being Section 122 of the National Bank Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Section 3,412 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, the same being Section 122 of the National Bank Act, and imposing a tax of ten per centum upon the amount of notes of any person or of any State bank, or State banking association, used for circulation, and paid out by them, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

The measure has laid dormant in Congress. We have little or no hope of its going through. From no quarter do we discern heavy pressure being brought to bear in its favor, while it is the most natural thing in the world for the National Banks to array all their vast influence against it. Sentiment in North Carolina is divided on the question. The State Agricultural Society, at its last meeting, October, 1876, adopted the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, cheap money, in our present impoverished condition, is to the farmer of vital importance; and,

WHEREAS, the oppressive and prohibitory United States tax on State Banks of ten per cent. is now unnecessary, if it ever was, and creates a monied monopoly in the National Banks and is dangerous to liberty; Therefore,

Resolved, by the State Agricultural Society of North Carolina that our Senators and Representatives in Congress, be respectfully requested to procure the repeal of said tax, to the end that we may have State Banks, as before the war, not interfering with the present National Banks.

Resolved, further, That our Senators and Representatives procure the repeal of the said ten per cent. tax as to North Carolina, if a general law is not passed repealing said tax.

How far these expressions represent the views of the farming element of our State is a question not readily determined.

THE Act of Congress of the 14th of January, 1875, enacted that, on and after the 1st of January, 1879, the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem in coin the legal tender notes of the United States on presentation at the office of the Assistant Treasurer in the city of New York. It authorized the Secretary "to prepare and provide for" such resumption of specie payments by the use of any surplus revenues not otherwise appropriated; and by issuing, in his discretion, certain classes of bonds. That resumption will begin at the time fixed and in the manner prescribed, seems now to be as certain as anything in the future can be. It has been held up to the country steadfastly by politicians of the hard money sort that the resumption of specie payments would lead us up out of the wilderness of financial distress and uncertainty. The wisdom of these declarations will be tested before very long. Specie payments have already begun with some of the banks.

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Thousands of victims of Scrofula, Rheumatic patients who have cast aside their crutches; sufferers from syphilitic taint an mercurical poison, all over the land, bear witness of its efficacy.

The seat of these diseases is in the blood, and impure blood causes unhealthy secretion, which develop Eruptions of the Skin; Sore Eyes, foul Discharges from the Nose, Ears and Womb; White Swellings; Scald Head; Nightsweats; Whites; Sallow Complexion; Kidney Disease; Nocturnal Emissions, and a long trainof direful ills.

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A RENOVATOR OF THE BODY.

Under its influence the eyes grow sparkling, the complexion clear, and unsightly blotches rapidly disappear.

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Piedmont Guano & Man. Co., 84 South Street

Rasin, R. W. L. & Co. 32 South Street, Chemical Fertilizer Manufacturers.

Rhodes & Co., 80 South Street.

may 27-dawly

WIRE RAILING & ORNAMENTAL WORKS.

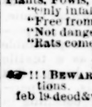
DUFUR & CO.,

NO. 36, N. HOWARD ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

Wire Railings for Cemeteries, Balconies, &c., Sieves, Fenders, Cages, Sand and Coal Screens, Woven Wire, &c.

Also, Iron Bedsteads, Chairs, Settees, &c.

jan 31-d&w1lm



JENNINGS' EAU DENTIFRICE, an elegant, safe and efficient MOUTH WASH, for cleansing, beautifying and preserving the Teeth and Gums, and imparting an agreeable odor to the breath For sale at the principal drug stores.

Prepared by N. HYNSON & JENNINGS CO., No. 90 North Charles Street, Baltimore

sep 2-dawly

LAGER BEER

I respectfully call the attention of my friends, patrons and the public generally in the south to

MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND HEALTHY LAGER,

brewed purely of malt and hops, after the Vienna method and expressly for export,

JACOB SEEGER,

23 German street Baltimore, Md

Jan 31-dly

Salesmen $125 wanted, A MONTH AND expenses selling to DEALERS Cigars. Samples Commission

hrs. Send stamp to insure answer. S. FOSTER CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

mar4-wo

NICE HOME-MADE LARD IN SMALL Packages to suit Families at

F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO'S.,

feb 24-tf Meat Market, Hargett St.

VALLEY WHISKEY.

R. F. Jones & Co., RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

TOM COOPER'S Laurel Valley CENTENNIAL OLD RYE

—AND—

WHEAT WHISKEY,

a large lot

ALWAYS ON HAND FROM TWO TO FOUR YEARS OLD.

universally acknowledged to be

THE FINEST WHISKY MADE

IN THE SOUTH. PERSONS WISHING Strictly Pure Spirits

FOR MEDICAL AND OTHER UPROSES

can get any size package

From 3 to 50 Gallons,

By addressing T. N. COOPER, Eagle Mills P. O. Iredell county, N. C.

Sold by A. W. FRAPS, Raleigh, N. C.

jan 19-1y T. N. COOPER

MISCELLANEOUS.

ELECTRIC PEN ND PRESS.

5,000 COPIES From a Single Writing.

SIMPLE IN OPERATION Perfect in Work, UNRIVALED IN SPEED.

The Electric Pen and Duplicating Press has been in use for two years. From 1,000 to 5,000 impressions can be taken by means of the Duplicating Press, at the speed of five to fifteen per minute.

The apparatus is used by the United States and several State Governments, Railroad, Steamboat and Express Companies, Colleges and Schools, Bankers, Real Estate Dealers, Lawyers and Business Firms in every department of Trade.

It is especialy valuable for the cheap and rapid production of Circulars, Price Lists, Market Quotations, Circular Letters, Pamphlets, Catalogues, Ruled and Blank Forms, Lawyers' Briefs, Freight Tariffs, Labels, Letter, Bill and Envelope Heads, Insurance Policies, Cyther Books, Press Reports, Financial Exhibits, Educational Documents, Time Tables, Official Notices and Mailing Lists.

Matter prepared with the Electric Pen passes through the mails as third class, viz.: One cent per ounce or fraction thereof. Additional information and samples of work furnished on application.

A. W. TOURGEE, Ag't for North Carolina, No. 3, Mahler Building, Raleigh, N. C.

W. F. WHEELER, Gen'l Eastern Agent, New Church St., New York.

feb 7-d3m

KELVYN NURSERY, PITTSBORO, N. C.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTING.

Citizens of Raleigh or of other points, desiring to improve their grounds during the winter and spring, are invited to correspond with the subscriber. He offers a very large stock of Ornamental Evergreens, Trees, Roses, Shrubs, Bulbs, including many hundred varieties. The stock being very heavy in amount will be offered very low during the present (eleventh) year of the Nursery. At bills of $5 and upward will be delivered free of express, in Raleigh. Send for Catalogue. Plans of improvements carefully prepared. The subscriber may be personally consulted in Raleigh, if notified by postal card. It is believed that the present stock is not excelled anywhere Dutch Bulbs, Flower Seeds and small plants mailed promptly. Fine lot of imported Hyacinths, Tulips, &c., now in hand.

C. B. DENSON, Pittsboro, N. C.

dec 29-tf

WATER WHEELS.

THE UNEQUALLED JAS. LEFFEL DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, STEAM BOILERS

SAW, FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS.

MACHINE MOULDED MILL GEARING

SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS

Of Improved Designs, A Specialty

Address, POOLE & HUNT, Send for Circulars BALTIMORE, MD.

dec 6mats

NOTICE.

I have just been informed, that a consignment of light trotting Wagons and Buggies, will be forwarded in a few days. I advise all to wait and examine the work and hear the prices.

ap 27-tf W. C. McMACKIN.

TO ALL WHO RIDE.

Top Buggies, Open Buggies, Platform Spring Wagons and Carriages, Road and Farm Wagons.

ap 25-tf W. C. McMACKIN.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY. BALTIMORE.

The programme of studies for the year be ginning September 18, 1877, will be sent on application.

EUGENE L. HARRIS Artist in Crayon, CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

Portraits enlarged in the most finished style of crayon drawing from any kind of small picture.

14x17 $10: Framed 3: 18x22 $15

☞SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

se15d1

Eli Kull, No. 25 OLD STREET, PETERSBURG, VA.

I will pay the highest market value for the following articles: Furs, Wool, Hides, Deer Skins, Feathers, Cotton and Woolen Rags, Scrap Paper, Old Rope, Old Carpet, Old Iron, Old Metals, Bees Wax, Tallow, Dried Fruits. All kinds of Seeds, Roots, Sumac, Eggs and Country Produce generally, Gin Sweepings, Motes and Dirty Cotton. All consignments will receive prompt attention and remittance.

mar 10-d2m wom

Wood, Cheaper than Ever.

I have one lot of 100 Cords splendid Wood that I want to move, rather than haul it twice and to keep pace with those selling consigned wood. I will for the next 10 days deliver it at $3 00 per Cord, Cash in advance, or on delivery. Field pine $2.50 per Cord.

mar 13-tf J. A. JONES.

THE FARMER AND MECHANIC, RALEIGH, N. C.

$2.00 A Year in Advance.

RANDOLPH A. SHOTWELL, Managing Editor.

The official organ of the Department of Agriculture. ap 13d-tf

BANKRUPT SALE.

HAVING PURCHASED LARGELY AT THE LATE

BANKRUPT SALE IN NEW YORK.

We can sell Goods lower than any House in the State.

We offer choice Prints at 5c. yard; Ladies' Shoes 75c. per pair; Children's Shoes 25c. per pair; Bleached Domestic 5½ cts. per yard; Pique 9c. yard; Grass Cloth 9c. yard; Real Percales 8 1-3 cts. per yard.

Our Stock of Readymade Clothing,

is as fine as can be found in the City, and we offer it 25 per cent lower than any other house. 25 Cases Straw Hats at 15c.

J. Y. JACKSON & CO., 5 & 7 Hargett St.

apr 16 tf

GROCERIES.

Attention! EATERS AND BUYERS!!

25,000 Pounds of New Smoked HAMS, SHOULDERS and SIDES, well trim and smoked with Hickory, now ready for delivery at

F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO'S.,

feb 24-tf New Market, Hargett St.

BOLTED MEAL, FRESHLY GROUND Flour from $2.50 to $4.00 per Sack, just from Walnut Creek Mills, at

mr. 11-tf GATTIS, JONES & ELLIS'.

150 Barrels Flour,

All grades, prices lower than ever. Retail good flour at 4c., at

F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO'S.

feb 24-tf

ANOTHER LOT OF FINE MOUNTAIN Beeves, arrived for

F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO'S.,

feb 24-tf Meat Market Hargett St.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!! 75 BOXES ALL GRADES. CALL AND try it at

F. C. CHRISTOPHERS & CO'S.,

feb24-t Hargett Street

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAVE YOUR HAIR! TO LEARN HOW TO DO IT READ AND HEED WHAT FOLLOWS.

SAVE YOUR HAIR.—The laws of Health and Longevity demand it, the customs of social life require it. The matter is of great importance in every way.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR.—It is the surpassing crown of glory, and for the loss of it there is no compensation.

CULTIVATE YOUR HAIR.—For by no other means can it be saved and beautified.

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

discovered thirty-five years ago by Prof. Lyon, of Yale, is the most perfect preparation in the world for preserving and beautifying the hair.

BESIDES BEING THE BEST HAIR DRESSING EVER PRODUCED, LYON'S KATHAIRON WILL POSITIVELY PREVENT GRAYNESS, AND WILL RESTORE NEW HAIR TO BALD HEADS, if the roots and follicles are not destroyed.

It usually performs these seeming miracles of which the following is

A FAIR SPECIMEN.

I had been entirely bald for several years constitutional, I suppose. I used a few bottles of Kathairon, and to my great surprise, I have a thick growth of young hair.

COL. JOHN L. DORRANCE, U. S. A.

In every important respect the Kathairon is absolutely incomparable. It is unequaled.

1. To Cure Baldness.
2. To Restore Gray Hair
3. To Remove Dandruff.
4. To Dress and Beautify the Hair.

BEAR IN MIND.—The sticky paste of sulphur and paint and daub the hair, clogs the brain. It is a pure and limpid vegetable lotion, intended to restore the hair by natural growth and reinvigoration. Its splendidly perfumed, and the most delightful dressing known. No lady's or gentleman's toilet outfit is complete without Lyon's Kathairon.

Kathairon is no sugar-of-lead, to blacken and paralyze the hair.

SOLD EVERY HERE.

mar 1-deodly

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES.

The Public

Can always find first-class conveyances, whether for pleasure or business, at our Livery rooms. We have the largest and most complete establishment in the State. Horses, mules, carriages, buggies, &c., always on hand for sale, hire or exchange.

G. W. WYNNE & CO.

se15dtf

L. S. L.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE, FIFTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION, 1878, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, MAY 14th.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This Institution was regularly incorporate by the Legislature of the State, for Educational and charitable purposes, in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its grand single number distributions will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.

100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH HALF-TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF		$30,000
1 Capital Prize		10,000
1 Capital Prize		5,000
2 Prizes of $2500		5,000
5 Prizes of 1000		5,000
20 Prizes of	500	10,000
100 Prizes of	100	10,000
200 Prizes of	50	10,000
500 Prizes of	20	10,000
1000 Prizes of	10	10,000

Approximation Prizes.

9 Approximation Prizes of $300	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900
1,857 Prizes, amounting to	$110,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.

Application for rates to clubs, should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans.

Write clearly, stating full address, for further information, or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, Louisiana.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G. T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY.

ap 12-d&w&s-wtw

ALWAYS ON HAND, Choice brands N. C. Flour, very low. W. C. & A. R. STRONACH.

NORFOLK, VA.

GOODE HOUSE, Corner Commerce and Main Streets, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

JESSE C. JACOCKS, Proprietor. T. H. MILLAR, Clerk,

Board Per Day, $1.50

augddtf

LASSITER & BROCKWELL! General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of Corn, Cotton, Oats, Peanuts, Lumber, &c, having located at No's 20 and 22 Commerce street, would respectfully solicit consignments of Produce generally.

Will endeavor to make sales at the highest market prices and render prompt returns.

Liberal advances made on consignments of produce in hand.

Refer by permission to Hon. Jno. S. Whitehead, President Exchange National Bank, of Norfolk, Va.; Col. Walter H. Taylor, President Marine Bank; Col. J. E. Barry, president People's National Bank; W. F. Allen & Co., wholesale grocers; Hamburger Bros., wholesale tobacconists, Norfolk, Va.

nov 25—1yr

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

J. & E. MAHONEY, Rectifiers and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, AND MOST CELEBRATED BRANDS OF PURE RYE AND BOURBON WHISKEYS No. 11 High Street, Portsmouth, Virginia.

J. & E. Mahoney handle at all times from three to four thousand barrels of the finest imported Whiskies. Wines' Gins, & c.

feb 26-d6m

FEED STORES.

OSBORN'S GRAIN AND FEED Store.

1 Car Load Choice Feed Oats.

1 CAR LOAD	CHOICE TIMOTHY	HAY,
2 "	" N. C.	HAY,
1 "	" FODDER,	
1 "	" WHEAT	BRAN,
1 "	" RICHMOND	Bolted MEAL,
1 "	" CORN,	

The above can be had at very low figures for CASH.

WOOD AND COAL always on hand at

Osborn's Grain and Feed Store, West N. C. R. R. Depot. Raleigh, N. C.

ap 14-tf

FODDER! FODDER!!

A good article just received by GATTIS, JONES & ELLIS'.

mar 13 tf

Seed Oats!

Another arrival of splendid Seed Oats, low for cash at GATTIS, JONES & ELLIS',

mar 13-tf 53 Fayetteville, St.

Hay! Hay!!

Several carloads prime Hay, native and foreign, justre ceived at GATTIS, JONES & ELLIS

mar 13-tf

FOR BOLTED CORN MEAL, FLOUR, Or any kind of Grain or Forage, call on GATTIS, JONES & ELLIS, 53 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C

feb 10-3m

THE BEST CONSIGNMENT YET.

A few cases Alamance Bell Smoking Tobacco. Six Boxes of fine Plug Tobacco.

ap 6-tf W. C. McMACKIN.

LOTTERY.

L. S. L.

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200 Prizes of	50	10,000
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Approximation Prizes.

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9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900
1,857 Prizes, amounting to	$110,400

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Application for rates to clubs, should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans.

Write clearly, stating full address, for further information, or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, Louisiana.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of GENERALS G. T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY.

ap 12-d&w&s-wtw

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. RICHARD H. LEWIS, (Late Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear in the Savannah Medical College,) Practice Limited to the EYE and EAR, RALEIGH, N. C.

Refers to the State Medical Society and of the Georgia Medical Society.

June 21-1y

DR. GEO. W. GRAHAM, RALEIGH, N. C. PRACTICE LIMITED TO EYE, EAR & THROAT.

sept 4-d&wly

WALTER CLARK ATTORNEY AT LAW, RALEIGH, N. C.

Practices in the State and Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of the State. Office in Badger Building, corner Fayetteville and Martin Streets.

dec29ly

HINSDALE & WORTHY. Attorneys at Law, CARTHAGE, N. C.

Have formed a co-partnership for the practice of law in the county of Moore.

mar 19-tf

JOHN W. HINSDALE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. (Over Citizens' National Bank,) RALEIGH, N. C.

Attends all the Courts in Fayetteville and Raleigh. Collections made in any part of the State. Refers by permission to each of the Banks at Raleigh, and to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

may 9 dly

JAMES A. WORTHY, Attorney & Counsellor at Law, Carthage, N. C.

Practices in Moore and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the collection of claims

mr 6-dly

ALFRED ROWLAND, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office in the Court-House. Lumberton, N. C.

J. C. BLACK, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, CARTHAGE, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Moore and adjoining counties. Collections made in any part of the State.

mar 9 d6m

DR. W. W. JONES OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country.

OFFICE—Over Enniss' Book Store, 4 doors below Pescud, Lee & Co.

Jan 13-d12m

JAMES D. McIVER, Attorney At Law, CARTHAGE, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to him.

feb 16-d6m

W. E. MURCH

DAILY NEWS.

FRIDAY, ... APRIL 26, 1878

Notice to Correspondents.

☞All communications should be addressed simply, "THE NEWS, Raleigh, N. C."

☞Rejected articles will not be returned to writers unless specially requested.

☞The Editor of the NEWS is not responsible for the views and opinions expressed by correspondents.

☞Correspondents are requested to be as brief as the nature of the subject upon which they write will admit.

☞The names of correspondents are required in every instance for the private information of the editor, as a guarantee of good faith.

☞Anonymous communications will invariably be consigned to the waste basket, without notice.

☞Correspondents are requested to write only on one side of the sheet; otherwise great inconvenience is caused to the printer.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Each subscriber will see plainly printed on the yellow label, on which his name is printed, the date when his subscription will expire. Subscribers desiring to renew will do so in time and avoid losing any copy of their paper. Any subscriber failing to receive a copy of his paper will confer a favor by notifying this office.

The Sing-Away Bird.

O say, have you heard of the sing-away bird
That sings where the Runaway river
Runs down with its rills from the bald-headed hills
That stand in the sunshine and shiver?
"O sing! sing-away! sing-away!
How the pines and the birches are stirred
How the thrill of the sing-away bird!

And the bald-headed hills, with their rocks and their rills
To the tune of his rapture are ringing,
And their faces grow young, all their gray mists among,
While the forests break forth into singing.
"O sing! sing-away! sing-away!"
And the river runs singing along;
And the flying winds catch up the song.

It was nothing but—hush! a wild white-throated thrush,
That emptied his musical quiver
With a charm and a sp ll over valley and dell
On the banks of the Runaway river.
"O sing! sing-away! sing away!"
Yet the song of the wild singer had
The sound of a soul that is glad.

And beneath the glad sun may a glad-hearted one
Set the world to the tune of h's gladness,
The rivers shall sing it, the breezes shall wing it,
Till life shall forget its long sadness.
"O sing! sing-away! sing-away!"
Sing, spirit, who knowest joy's Giver;
Sing of the Runaway river!
(Lucy Larcom in St. Nicholas for May.

GENERAL NOTES.

Mr. Will Ustick does business in La Crosse, Wis.

The Paris Exposition will be opened with a salute of 100 guns.

The fences in the United States are estimated to be worth $800,000,000.

The Governor of Rhode Island has convened the Legislature in executive session, in view of the impending repeal of the bankrupt law.

The Boston notion for this month is the female barber. About one half of the better class of shops employ from one to three female shavers each.

At Stoughton village, Wis., a grain dealer recently attempted a resume specie payments, but it being a strong greenback neighborhood most of the farmers refused to touch the gold, and demanded greenbacks.

A little girl in LaCrosse, Wis., seeing two drunken men stagger by the house, ran to her mother and told her that she had just seen "two awful sick men." On being asked what she supposed was the matter with them, she replied, after a moment's reflection, "I des they'd been takin' some bad medicine."

An engineer in Liverpool when going on board his steamer was accosted by a son of Erin's Isle. "Got all your hands engaged, sur?" "Well, no. What can you do?" "Sure an' I can either trim or foire." "Have you been at sea before?" "D'ye think I came over from Ireland in a cart?"

The Movement for the abolition of celibacy in the priesthood of the Old Catholic church is said to be making headway in Germany. The question might be settled this year, but many persons desire a postponement, for fear that Dr. Dollinger, who opposes abolition, will withdraw from the church.

Catching wild pigeons with nets is a large business in Forest county, Pa., and at least 500 persons are engaged at it in one township; most of them clearing $10 a day. It is stated that one day recently three and a half tons of pigeons were sent over the river division of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, consigned to dealers in game in this city.

You need not be afraid of given too much, the old darkey pastor said. "If any ob you know of any church w'at died ob literality, jest tell whar it is, an' I will make a pilgrimage to it, an' by de soft light of de pale moon I will crawl upon its moss covered roof an' write upon de topmost shingle. "Blessed am de dead who die in de Lord."

On the 29th of July next will occur an astronomical event of great interest—a total eclipse of the sun—which will be visible generally in the United States. The eclipse will be visible from four to six o'clock in the afternoon. The path of totality in this eclipse runs diagonally across the center of the United States from Montana to Texas, and is between 120 and 150 miles wide.

A certain person, who was also a school-teacher, handed a problem to his class in mathematics the other day. The first boy took it, looked at it awhile, and said, "I pass." Second boy took it and said, "I turn it down." The third boy looked at it awhile and drawled out "I can't make it." "Very good, boys," said the person, "we will cut for a new deal." And the switch danced like lightning over the shoulders of those depraved young mathematicians.

The Chicago Times has a story that a party of sixty armed communists paraded and drilled in that city on Sunday, and that later in the day a general meeting was held, at which it was voted to consolidate the clubs of different nationalities, so that each ward will have but one organization. Moreover, a grand parade and picnic is to be held early in June, when the leaders promise to have 5,000 men under arms.

Captain Eads is not inclined to rest from his labors, even after opening the mouth of the Father of Waters so that it is not likely to close again. He proposes to put the whole body of the patient under treatment by his new method—the application of jetties. Quite recently he expounded this plan before a large audience at Memphis. The essential feature of the plan is very simple; it is to narrow the wide and shallow places of the river, so as to confine its current to a uniform channel. The rest will take care of itself, for the river will then proceed to excavate its channel to the required depth. No scheme yet offered for the improvement of the Mississippi, promises so much, since the prospect is that the expense of new levees may thus be saved, floods will be less frequent and destructive, snags and "sawyers" will disappear, the channel will be deepened and made less tortuous; and while navigation is thus simplified, the adjoining lands—the most fertile in the country—will be permanently secure for agriculture. The opponents of the project have not yet been able to show any substantial objections to it, though the prominence with which it is brought before the public gives every opportunity for discussion.

DRY GOODS.

Grand Display.

1878. SPRING & SUMMER. 1878.

We have now open and for sale the largest and handsomest Stock of seasonable goods we have ever offered.

Every Department in our House is filled with the newest and most desirable goods, and our prices will be found as low as the lowest.

Our Dress Goods Department is loaded down with beautiful Spring Shades in the latest styles and fashions, including

PLAIN, STRIPED AND CHECKED SILKS.

Printed French Cambrics at 12½ cents, lower than ever known.

White Cambric, equal in quality with Lonsdale, at 8½ and 10 cents per yard.

10 cases Spring Calico, all the new styles.

20,000 yards Unbleached Domestic.

15,000 yards Bleached Domestic.

5 cases Cottonades.

100 cases Boots and Shoes.

Goods for Men's and Boy's wear, of every description.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hose, of every quality and price.

Large Stock of Gents' ½ Hose, including all the new styles in fancy colors.

500 pieces Hamburg and Nainsook Edgings and Insertions.

A large variety of Kid Gloves in opera and medium shades, from 50 cents up.

Merchants can buy of us at prices to compete with Northern Jobbers.

We extend an invitation to all to call and examine our goods.

PETTY & JONES.

mh 31-tf

For the "Benefit of our Gentlemen Friends."

(Having previously, advertised our purchases for the Ladies) we make the following announcement:

Men's Hand and Machine sewed Gaiters of the best makes, from first class manufacturers, and all the different styles and qualities of Shoes at reduced prices.

Boys FINE SHOES, a better stock of shoes for Boys, seldom to be found.

Gents Unlaundried Shirts, Linen fronts at 65c., 75c. and $1.00.

Gent's Laundried Shirts, Linen fronts at 75c., $1.00 and $1.25, the best Shirts for the money ever sold.

Gent's Bleached Jeans Drawers from 65c. to $1.00.

Linen Collars, new styles and all numbers.

Gent's Linen Cuffs 3 ply at 25c. a pair.

A full line of Neckties, Bows and Neckwear generally.

Neckties for old Gentlemen,

Gent's ½ Hose, Fancy and Striped at all prices.

Gent's ½ Hose, white, from 4 pr. for 25c. to 75c. a pair.

Gent's Gauze Undershirts from 25c. to 1 50

Kid Gloves in all shades and sizes.

A full line of Gent's Linen H'dkfs from 10c. to 75c., white and colored.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Linen Drills, Fancy Linens, Cottonades, &c.

Gent's Hats, the best assortment ever brought to the City and we may say in the State, in Silk, Felt, Fur, Wool, Straw, Canton, Chip, Macklnaw, colored straws, &c.

We call especial attention to our new style Manilla Hat for cool summer wear.

Umbrellas, Vallses, Trunks, &c.

Call in at "Tucker's" before you buy to convince yourselves that it is the cheapest House in the state.

ap 14-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

MANUFACTURERS.

LEVY'S

CHAMPION IMPROVED

Yoke Shirt Factory

2 EXCHANGE PLACE,

Third Door from Julius Lewis & Co.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER and a perfect fit guaranteed.

Finest Linen and Best Bleaching Used.

Send for instructions how to take your measure for SHIRTS AND DRAWERS. Perfect fit guaranteed or money refunded. Call and see SHIRTS in all styles and different qualities at reasonable prices, which induce you to leave your order at

oct 15-tf LEVYS.

W. M. ALLEN. WM. CRAM.

Allen & Cram,

Manufacturers and Importers of

ENGINE,

MILL, & GENERAL MACHINERY,

PLOWS, &c., &c.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Manufacturers and dealers in

ENGINES

Stationary and Portable.

SAW AND GRIST MILLS, THRESHERS, SEPARATORS,

Shafting, Pulleys, Boxes and other machinery.

☞REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Jan 17 1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCROFULA.

The most remarkable cures of SCROFULA have been and are now being made by the use of MRS. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY for that disease. Cure Certain, Speedy and Permanent. For personal reliability refers by permission to the Rt. Rev. Thos Atkinson, D. D., of N. Carolina, Geo. A. Foote, M. D., Warren Co., and Hons. J. J. Davis and C. M. Cooke, of Franklin Co. For certificates of cures, circulars, terms, &c., enclose stamp to

MRS. JOE PERSON,
Franklinton, N. C.

mar 15-tf

J. T. REDWINE,

Attorney at Law,

ALBEMARLE, N. C.

ap 18-tf

FANCY GROCERIES,

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICE OF

LEE & PERRINS.

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

THUS GIVING THE CONSUMER NOT ONLY THE BEST, BUT THE MOST ECONOMICAL SAUCE.

Lea & Perrins

Signature on every bottle.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS.

29 Murray St. and 1 Union Square, New York

dec 29-1awly

MISCELLANEOUS.

FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD SCALES

MADE WITH THE

Latest and Most Valuable Improvements

For Sale Also, Patent Alarm Money Drawers,

COFFEE MILLS, SPICE MILLS AND STORE FIXTURES GENERALLY.

The Improved Type Writer,

Oscillating Pump Co's Pumps.

Fairbanks & Co.,

311 Broadway New York.

FOR SALE BY LEADING HARDWARE DEALERS.

mar 5-d1aw&w3m

NOTIE.

Jamesville & Washington Railroad & Lumber Co.,

DYMOND CITY, MARTIN CO., N. C.

Trains are now running daily as follows:

Leave Washington for Dymond City and Jamesville on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 o'clock a. m., and arriving at Jamesville in time for the mail and connecting there with steamer "Astoria" for Plymouth and all points North via. "Chowan" on Monday and Friday, and with "Steamer Astoria and Vesta" for Plymouth and all points North via. Chowan on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Leaves Jamesville for Dymond City & Washington on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 o'clock a. m., after arrival of Steamer "Astoria" and mails on Tuesday and Saturday, and of Steamer Cannon" on Thursday from the North. The Steamer "Cannon" leaves Jamesville on Saturday evening, landing her passengers in Norfolk at 1 o'clock on Sunday.

These steamers as well as others carry passengers and freight on the Roanoke, and a few steamers are on the direct route with Baltimore.

The train returns each evening to Dymond City (Company's Works) where there is a good Hotel; and Dr. Knight keeps a comfortable house on the Company's ground at Jamesville, a Hotel is also about being built at the Washington end for the comfort and convenience of travelers.

This route offers an agreeable change, enabling tourists &c, to visit Greenville and points on the Tar River by steamer from Washington to Tarboro, and connect at Rocky Mount with the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. or to Goldsboro, Raleigh and the West. Also by stage or steamer to Newbern from Washington.

In ordering goods, direct care of J. & W. R. R. & L. Co., Jamesville, Martin County, N. C. Rates for passengers and freight as low as by any other line. The Postoffice Department have ordered a daily mail service on our line from first of next month.

A. FISHER, Manager.

feb 12-1aw3m

JOB PRINTING.

THE

"News" Steam Job Office,

No. 6 MARTIN STREET,

Is now replete with all the modern and attractive styles of

TYPES, ORNAMENTS, BORDERS, &C.,

and the most improved

PRESSES AND MAHINERY,

Which are driven by steam. These facilities enable us to execute, in the highest style of the art and at the shortest notice, all kinds of plain and fancy

BOOK &JOB PRINTING,

RAILROAD PRINTING,

MERCANTILE PRINTING,

POSTER PRINTING

LEGAL AND OTHER LANKS

WEDDING INVITATIONS,

VISITING CARDS, &c

ACCOUNT SALES

Always on hand a full and complete stock consisting of FINE and MEDIUM GRADES PAPERS of all sizes; CARDS of all grades and tints; ENVELOPES of all sizes and qualities, and everything found in a first-class establishment.

Call or Send us Your Orders

RICHMOND, VA.

REFLECT

BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

Are you a sufferer from Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Oppression, Constipation, Nervous Debility, Loss of Sleep, or Bad Digestion? If you are, go at once to your Druggist, get a bottle of

DR. D'Armstadt's

ANTI--DYSPEPTIC DROPS, AND BE CURED.

THEY HAVE NOT THEIR EQUAL!

As thousands will testify. Purely Vegetable.

Price 75c. Sold by all Druggists in Raleigh, N. C.

PURCELL, LADD & CO.,
R. W. POWERS & CO.,
Ag'ts, Richmond, Va.

apr 6-d-awly

LEE'S PREPARED AGRICULTURAL LIME.

To The Cotton Growers of North Carolina.

The Commissioner of Agriculture having decided that I cannot have an Agency in your State for the sale of this cheap and valuable fertilizer, without paying a tax of $500—which I cannot do without materially advancing the price, I solicit your orders for it, which will be promptly filled on the following terms on board cars in Richmond:

$12 Per Ton Cash, or $15 Per

TON for an approved acceptance on Raleigh, Charlotte, Wilmington, Petersburg, Norfolk, or Richmond, payable on the 1st of November next, or at 8 months from date.

I respectfully refer you to Messrs. J. J. Thomas, Raleigh; J. W. O'Neil, Clayton and others who sold it last spring, and to the various farmers who used it, who say it makes as much cotton as fertilizers costing 3 or 4 times as much. Address,

A. S. LEE,
108, Virginia Street,
Richmond, Va.

mar 22-d3m

(From Rev. Mr. Cameron, Minister of the Presbyterian Church South.)

MOSSY CREEK, Tenn., August 22, 1876.

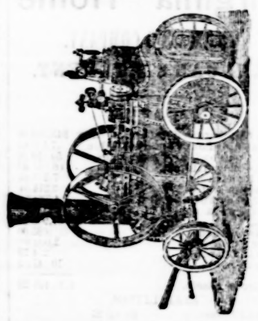
Xanthine Co., Richmond, Va.:

I have used the Xanthine now for three years, and have induced others to try it, and have never known it to fail in accomplishing all you claim for it. It is an excellent tonic a pleasant dressing, removing and preventing dandruff and all unpleasant itching, promoting and preserving the natural growth and color of the hair, and rendering it glossy and pliable. I confidently, cheerfully and knowingly recommend it.

WILLIAM CAMERON.

For sale by Purcell, Ladd & Co., and R. W. Powers & Co., wholesale agents, Richmond Va. au 21-dawly

TALBOTT & SONS,



Snockoe Machine Works,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

Manufacturers of

Engines and Boilers, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys, Turbine Water Wheels, Tobacco Factory Machinery, Wrought Iron Work, Brass and Iron Castings

Machinery of Every Description.

Repairing promptly and carefully one.

Ginning and Threshing Engines a specialty.

☞Send for illustrated Catalogue.

Branch Office, CHARLOTTE. N. C.

W. C. MORGAN, Manager.

au21dawly

ENGINES FOR SALE.

BOILERS AND MACHINERY

NEW AND SECOND HAND

Lanes' Patent Saw-Mills & Set works,

PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

PLANING MACHINES,

STEAM PUMPS,

BOILER FEEDERS, &c.

Mill Gearing and furnishing a specialty. ☞Send for circulars and descriptive price list of second hand machinery and names of our patrons.

RAHM & HUNTER,
Richmond, Va.

Dec dawtf

O. H. CHALKLEY & CO.,

(ESTABLISHED IN 1855.)

Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in

HIDES, LEATHER, OILS, FRENCH

AND AMERICAN CALF SKINS,

Tanners' Tools, Shoe Findings, &c., and

General Commission Merchants,

RICHMOND, VA.

Orders solicited. Highest cash prices paid Hides.or jan 17-d3m

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write to particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

mar 23-d1½m w3m

SMOKING TOBACCO.

TRADE MARK
FOR PLEASURE, FOR COMFORT, FOR HEALTH, SMOKE
GENUINE
BLACKWELL'S
DURHAM
SMOKING TOBACCO
W. T. BLACKWELL & CO.
DURHAM N.C.
STANDARD OF THE WORLD
AWARDED THE HIGHEST MEDAL AT PHILADELPHIA.
THIS IS THE OLD ORIGINAL BRAND OF DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO
POPULAR BECAUSE RELIABLE.
SEE THAT IT BEARS THE TRADE MARK OF THE BULL AND SACK. NO OTHER.

CIGARS.

North State Centennial, Club House and Papa's Cigar

ARE THE BEST 5c. CIGARS TO BE HAD,

They are long Havana fillers.

MARGARET A. EMANCIPATION, AND LA VALENTINA, ARE CLEAR HAVANA, Manufactured at the Charleston Branch of the Havana Cigar Factory.

Mantoue & Co., Pro'rs,

mar 21-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SHOE BLACKING,

ALSPICE,

LOCKVILLE FLOUR,

TAYLOR'S EUREKA SOAP

HOLT'S FAMILY FLOUR,

ORANGE GROVE FLOUR,

UNDER GROUND STORAGE FOR COTTON,

SWIFT & COURTENAY'S MATCHES,

EGERTON'S Scotch Snuff.

500 SACKS MARSHALL'S FINE SALT,

Three Hundred Barrels Flour,

Over 1,000 Pounds of Egerton's Scotch Snuff Arriving weekly

BOLTED VIRGINIA MEAL,

White Corn.

SUGARS, COFFEES, CANDLES, YEAST POWDERS.

FOR SALE BY

W. H. DODD.

mar 16-tf

ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

KINGSLEY & ASHLE

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

RALEIGH PLAINING MILLS,

MOULDING SCROWLL SAWNG &c.

ORDERS LEFT WITH

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

Shafting, Pulleys &c., FOR GIN HOUSES.

Eminent planters in No. Carolina and other Southern States, consider our ginning machinery the best and cheapest in use. Repair work solicited and promptly done. Send for illustrated Catalogues, which are furnished free.

GINNING ENGINES!

METROPOLITAN WORKS

Canal Street from Hiett to Seventh.

RICHMOND, VA.

W. F. TANNER & CO.

Engines,

Portable and Stationary; Saw Mills, Grist Mills

Machinery for Gold and Coal Mines,

BLAST FURNACES, &c.

We call special attention to our IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINE, for agricultural and other purposes. Also, to our new style Small Locomotives for hauling lumber and other articles upon tramways and narrow gauge railways.

McCallum & Cooper,

Founders and Machinists,

RALEIGH, N. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF

The Hope Vertical Engine

Carolina Cotton and Hand Presses

We call special attention to the HOPE ENGINE as a SAW-MILL ENGINE, for which purpose we make THREE sizes which will run from a 36 inch to a 60 inch saw. Its safety, simplicity and reliability coupled with its compactness and portability, render it the BEST as of mill engine in use. We furnish saws and saw-mills complete or by parts, with any style of head block at short notice. As a

Ginning and Agricultural Engine.

Has stood the test of four years, here at home and is steadily growing in favor.

Over 30 in use in this State and half of them in this (Wake) county. Having the best appointed works in the State, employing none but SKILLED workmen and using none but the BEST materials, we are prepared to furnish CHEAPLY and PROMPTLY all kinds of Mill, Saw-mill, Mining and Manufacturing Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes Tanks BOILERS, &c., &c. Patterns of all kinds made from Drawings. We will be pleased to answer inquiries, furnish estimates and make drawings.

Direct all inquiries to

McCALLUM & COOPER,
Raleigh, N. C.

P. O. Box 367
apri 15, 77dawly

DEALERS IN HARDWARE AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

T H. BRIGGS & SONS,

Briggs Building Raleigh, N. C.,

DEALERS IN

All Styles of Childrens' Carriages,

PARTIES WANTING CARRIAGES OF

Superior

Workmanship, Neatness & Durability,

Would do well to examine our stock.

WRITE FOR PRICES.

WE OFFER

Best Goods,

Lowest Prices.

Square Dealing.

FERTILIZERS.

COTTON PLANTING!

R. F. JONES & CO.,

AGENTS FOR

Rhodes' Standard Manures

RALEIGH, N. C.

TO THE PUBLIC.

We are for the fourth year offering the celebrated RHODES'

SOLUBLE SUPER PHOSPHATES

to our friends and customers. The universal satisfaction that it has given all who have used it, the largely increased sales every year and the continued use by parties who bought it when first introduced, is the strongest evidence of its adaptability to our soil, and of its being a paying fertilizer.

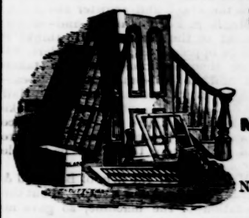
R. F. JONES & Co.,

mar 12-daw3m

MANUFACTURERS.

ELLINGTON, ROYSTER & CO.

Building Contractors.



SUCCESSORS TO BETTS & ALLEN,

● Manufacturers of

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

MOULDINGS, BRACKETS,

Sawed and Turned Balusters,

NEWELL POSTS, ALL KINDS OF SCROWL SAWING.

TURNING OF EVERY VARIETY OF SIZE AND STYLE.

We also keep an assortment of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath's, Shingles, Dressed Weather-boarding and Flooring at low prices.

SPECIALTIES:

We will sell the same class of Yellow Pine Work at White Pine prices. Come and examine our work before purchasing. Satisfaction guaranteed. We are prepared to do work reasonably and we propose to do so. Plans and estimates furnished on application. First class work at low prices. All orders claim prompt attention.

Office and Planing Mills West of the R. & G. R. R., Shops. Orders coming from a distance will be filled with promptness, and as we are very conveniently located for shipping our work we are able to give special inducement to all parts of the State. Will contract for buildings anywhere, using seasoned lumber where necessary.

W. J. ELLINGTON, B. F. PARK, } Business Managers.
L. H. ROYSTER, R. R. PINKSTON, } Architects.

feb20-tf

C. C. CLAWSON

Raleigh, N. C

MANUFACTURER OF

PICTURE FRAMES,

Window Shades,

CORNICES & ROOM ORNAMENTS.

AND DEALER IN

PAPER-HANGINGS,

Upholstery Goods,

Artists' Materials, Pictures.

FRENCH AND GERMAN LOOKING GLASS PLATES, &c., &c.

d3m

HARDWARE.

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Largest Stock in North Carolina

OF HARDWARE,

Doors, Sash and Blinds,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES,

Lime, Plaster, Cement and Builders' Supplies,

FARM BELLS,

Belting and Steam Engines,

mar 22-tf

FIRE INSURANCE.

OLD NORTH STATE FIRE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF WARRENTON, N. C.,

[Has been in Successful Operation for five Years.

ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID

A Thoroughly Reliable Southern Company.

$5 of Assets to $1 of Liabilities.

OFFICERS:

WM. S. DAVIS, President, N. R. JONES, Vice-President,
B. F. LONG, Secretary, WM. J. NORWOOD, Treasurer.
T. C. WILLIAMS, Supervisor.

Apri 14, '77-Dead & Wly

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Raleigh, N. C.

ACCOMMODATIONS EQUAL TO ANY IN THE CITY.

THE BEST WATER TO BE HAD IN THE CITY.

Board $2.00 Per Day.

Delightfully situated next to Capitol Square. Special arrangements made with Drummers; Good Sample Rooms on first and second floors.

REDUCED RATES FOR THEATRICAL TROUPES.

HOUSE OPEN ALL HOURS, DAY AND NIGHT.

C. D. OSBORNE, Proprietor.

n 2-d12m

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Furniture,

SPRING BEDS AND MATRASSES

No. 3 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

We are daily receiving our large and varied stock of FURNITURE of new and original design.

We would invite the public and those attending our State Fair to call and examine our stock and prices, even if they do not wish to purchase. No trouble to show goods.

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,
3, Fayetteville Street
oct 17-d6tf Raleigh.

READ THIS.

Any one having information in regard to John Crawley, who during the years 1850-5, resided in Wake county, will hear of something to their advantage by corresponding with John Rollen, Att'y at Law, Murphy, N. C., or with the State Auditor, at this city.

ap 15-d6wtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NEW ERA.

A live Independent Democratic Newspaper published at Hendersonville, N. C.

Terms $1.50 per annum.

A good medium for advertizers.

Address,

H. M. ALLISON, Editor & Prop'r.
feb 5-tf Hendersonville, N.

THE PEOPLE'S TICKET.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce the following ticket as candidates for Aldermen in the Third Ward at the ensuing election, first Monday in May next, irrespective of parties, cliques and rings:

CHARLES DEWEY,
RICHARD G. BADGER,
A. M. LEWIS,
ROBERT B. ANDREWS,
JOHN A. CHEATHAM.

ap 18-6t

Notice.

The North Carolina Medical Board of Examiners will meet in Goldsboro, Tuesday 14th May, 1878, and continue in session till the business for which it convened shall have been finished. Applicants will please present themselves as early as possible.

By order of the President.

CHARLES DUFFY, Jr.,
ap 13-D1aw&W1m Secretary.

CIGARS.

All Havana, 5c. The best line 5c Cigars in the city. Close figures to the trade.

W. G. & A. B. STRONACH,

DAILY NEWS

FRIDAY ..... APRIL 26, 1878

The City.

The Mails.

The mails now close as follows:

Raleigh & Gaston	10:00 a. m.
Western	12:05 p. m.
Eastern	3:10 p. m.
Chatham	9:00 p. m.

The office opens for delivery of the mail as follows:

Chatham	8:00 a. m.
Eastern	1:30 p. m.
Western	4:30 p. m.
Raleigh & Gaston	6:30 p. m.

Two Northern mails daily, closing at 10 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

Sundays open from 4 to 5 p. m.

W. W. HOLDEN, P. M.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—For the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, rising followed by falling barometer; northwest to back to warmer southwest winds; partly cloudy weather and occasional local rains.

Index to New Advertisements.

JOS. A ENGELHARD—Insurance Statement.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH—New goods every day.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

——But slight fears of frost's are now felt.

——Capt. Shotwell's rejoinder to P. B. M. will appear in to-morrow's issue.

——Business of all kinds has a summer aspect, awfully flat.

——Revivals are in progress in both the Methodist and Baptist Churches of Winston.

——The farmers all express themselves as delighted with the rainfall so opportune.

——Not a single offender was made to feel the Majesty of the law in the Mayor's Court yesterday.

——The receipts of cotton yesterday, as reported by the weighers, were 24 bales. The market closed steady.

——Col. J. N. Staples will deliver the address at the Memorial ceremonies at Greensboro, on the 10th May.

——A petition was being circulated for signatures yesterday, asking for a repeal of the tax on State Banks.

——Yesterday was celebrated by the I. O. O. F. in many places, it being the 59 anniversary of the order in the United States.

——The question now is, what next in the way of amusements? The ball must be kept rolling. This is the season for fun.

——Gov. Colquitt, of Georgia, will deliver the address, Commencement day, at Trinity College, and Bishop Pierce will deliver the sermon.

——Rev. Dr. Burkhead, former pastor of Edenton street M. E. Church here, now of Wilmington, is conducting a revival at the Fifth street Church, in that place.

——"C.'s" fifth letter is out. This time the subject is the Republican and other parties. The style, though forcible, is not quite so sparkling as that of the others.

——The new idea in telephones is to tap the main lines and thus be able to take in all the chaff &c., on the sly. The strings keep no secrets either, so be ever careful what you say.

——The Cape Fear Artillery, of Wilmington, have returned a qualified acceptance of the invitation of the Charlotte Grays to visit Charlotte and become their guests on the 20th of May.

——Rev. E. R. Rich, of the Church of the Good Shepherd, will preach and administer the Holy Communion at St. Barnabas' (Episcopal Church) Greensboro, Sunday next, at 11 o'clock A. M., and 8 P. M.

——Fayetteville street will be made shady in the hot summer days by the multitude of awning now being erected, It is a good idea to put these up as the side of the street thus protected will be the favorite.

——There was no meeting of the Republican State Executive Committee, yesterday. The chairman, T. B. Keogh, Esq., is detained at Washington, and it is not known whether he can reach this city to-day.

——In a notice of the death of one of our County Commissioners, in Thursday's issue, the name of the deceased was given as Young, when it should have been Yeargin. The cause of death was typhoid fever.

——Letters are held in the post office addressed to Mrs. Mary Williams, and T. T. Bobbitt, care Col. S. S. Cooper, neither with address. Also a little insufficiently prepaid, addressed to Moses M. Hester, Berea, Granville county.

Pardoned.

The Governor has pardoned William Holly, white, convicted of manslaughter at Spring Term, 1877, of Union Superior Court, and sentenced to 10 years imprisonment. The petition for pardon was signed by the Judge, Solicitor, and 400 citizens of the county.

A Feathered Quadruped.

Mr. C. H. Beine, of our city, has in his possession a curiosity in the shape of a gosling which has three legs, and four well-developed feet. It was hatched on Sunday last, walks without the least difficulty, and so far as appetite and general health are concerned, is a very hearty fowl.

Turtle Soup- Buck Beer.

Mr. W. R. Pepper, the well known Restaurateur, will serve, at his establishment, to-day at 11 o'clock, that delicacy of the season, Turtle soup. He will furnish families, with any quantity to-day and to-morrow. "Father Pep" will make the lovers of "Bock" happy if they will call on him this day. These are both the first of the season.

Telephonic.

Has any one thought that the constant talking into the telephones will have a beneficial effect on many of us? It will, for the reason that it will bring about a clearness of pronunciation to which so many are utter strangers. We are too apt ordinarily to slur our words, but to be comprehended as telephoners we must speak plainly. This is one good effect surely.

Personals.

Judge J L Henry is in the city, having just returned from Hertford.

Judge A A McKoy, came down from Hillsboro yesterday, Orange court having ended.

Judge Kerr came from New Berne.

W E Clarke, of New Berne, is at the Yarbrough.

Mr. M. H. Cohen, formerly of the firm of Zacharias & Co., but now a merchant in New Berne, N. C., is in the city visiting friends.

Dr. R. H. Lewis is on a vist to Tarboro.

Mr. A. M. McPheeters returned from his Atlanta trip yesterday.

The Bell-Punch--What Saloonists Say.

In yesterday's issue of the NEWS we gave the views of several of our liquor dealers on the subject of the Moffett Bell-Punch. We called on several of our dealers yesterday, and ascertained their ideas. Mr. W. R. Pepper is not a supporter of the measure, as he says it will injure the tone of the business as well as that of the parties engaged in it. Does not think it will protect honest dealers, but the majority of sellers will lose no opportunity of evasion. Too much liquor is now sold on which no tax is paid.

Mr. J. Johnson says that one trouble in the use of the punch would be the non-payment of taxes in many cases. As matters now stand there is cheating enough, but when the tinkle of the bell is heard there will be vastly more.

Mr. W. H. J. Goodwin was next interviewed. He thinks it would be a source of increased revenue to the State, but would be productive of loss to bar-keepers. He says the taxes would be more onerous. There will be dishonesty in the conduct of the business, some paying up their dues, while others would evade by all possible means their collection. At first, afraid of detection, the regulations would be adhered to, but pretty soon the saloonists, or many of them, would fail to turn the crank and register the drink.

Mr. R. S. Perry is an out-and-out opponent of the measure. He thinks it will be oppressive upon the dealers, because then no licenses will be taken out, and the bell-punch will be "beaten" in every conceivable way. Half the dealers in the city now don't take out licenses. There are in the place now about 65 places where liquors are sold. Then, too, there will be trouble in collecting.

Mr. Doran, of the firm of Bashford & Doran, said he knew nothing about the operation of the machine, so gave no opinion.

Mr. J. Higgs says that the adoption of the punch would increase the revenue of the State very materially, but the trouble would be to the bar keepers of keeping up the registration of drinks. He thinks that they would avoid the payment in many ways.

Mr. A. Sorrell stated that he had not given the subject much attention, but thought that it would be productive of much cheating among liquor dealers.

One saloonist said that he took, as all ought to take, a practical view of the matter. There should be justice in the imposition of all taxes. The party who sells the most liquor should pay the greater tax. The use of the bell-punch will make all equal. The saloon doing a small business will pay a proportionate tax, while the establishment with many customers will do likewise. Now the tax is equal on all, and this, both in theory and practice, is wrong. This accounts for the strong dislike of some large dealers to the use of the recording punch. The tax goes on always. In the summer, when business is dull, the amount recorded would be but small. So the use of the punch is fair to all. Bar-keepers, he says, would not, in the majority of cases, give credit were it in use, as they could not afford to do so. This would better enable them to pay even more tax, as now the loss by the credit system is so enormous.

Judge Strong's Law School.

The members of Judge Strong's Law School were the recipients, last evening, of a treat, in addition to *his* tri-weekly lectures, in the shape of an address from Jno. Gatling, Esq., upon the subject of "law, the science of right reasoning." The lecture was delivered by request, and it is needless to say, was replete with entertainment and sound advice to the considerable number of young men about to enter upon so important a profession under Judge S's. able instruction.

At the close of Mr. Gatling's address, Judge McKoy, H. A. Gilliam, Esq., and James F. Taylor entertained the students in some well timed remarks.

We are glad to announce that the Judge is meeting with deserved success, in this, his comparatively new enterprise. We can safely say that the school is now established upon a sound basis, his class at present numbering some 25 students, as follows:

E G Albritton, J T Bland, E G Brown, W C Etheridge, Weston R Gales, Eugene E Gray, H A Gudger, F G James, G E Leach, B B Lewis, R H McKoy, T H McKoy, W D Mintz, B F Montague, Matt W Ransom, Jr, Walter Reeves, Duncan Rose, J C Scarborough, Geo Smith, Col J McLeod Turner, Saml Wilder, Robt C Williamson, Furney Willis, T C Worth.

Success, say we, to the growth of the profession under such able auspices.

Meeting of the Magistrates.

By request, the Register of Deeds has sent the following circular to the Justices of the Peace in Wake County:

OFFICE CLERK BOARD OF CO. COMR'S. }
WAKE COUNTY. }

Raleigh, April 25. 1878.

SIR—This is to inform you that, in pursuance of the provisions of chapter 275, laws of 1876-'77, there will be a meeting of the Justices of the Peace of Wake County, at the Court House, in Raleigh, on Saturday, the eleventh day of May, 1878, for the purposes of considering matters relating to election precincts; appointing registrars of voters and inspectors for the elections in August next; considering the question of abolishing the office of County Treasurer, and exercising such other powers as may be vested in the Board of Justices by chapters 141 and 275 of the laws of the last General Assembly which can be exercised at this meeting.

Very Respectfully,
W. W. WHITE,
Register of Deeds, *ex officio* Clerk Com'rs.

The Fish Hatchery at Avoca.

Col. L. L. Polk, State Commissioner of Agriculture has just returned from a trip to Avoca, on the Albemarle Sound. He reports the progress of the work of hatching shad fry to be very encouraging. The young of this fish are peculiarly apt to die, and require constant care. The mode of transportation is in tin cans about 3 feet high. In these the fish are often killed, sometimes by the jarring, at others by the presence of poisonous matter in the cans. The work of stocking streams goes bravely on. The enormous number of one million shad fry were placed in twelve streams on Wednesday. Mr. Capehart, who owns some large seines, has given 250,000 fish which have been placed in our rivers. He is aiding in stocking the sound. The seines used are of immense length. On Wednesday 400 000 herring were caught at one haul, at the beach of a Mr. Jackson, on the Sound.

Well Posted.

A young lady of our city, whose close and undivided attention to those popular works of fiction ycleept "Dime Novels," probably does not permit her to have time for the perusal of the NEWS, was asked a question about the "Bell Punch." "She said she had never drank one." Her interrogator, horrified, made inquiry as to the meaning of her remark, learned that she thought it was "Belle Punch," a new, fashionable beverage.

The "paper hangings" advertised by some stores are not newspaper accounts of executions.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

YARBOROUGH HOUSE.

Geo A Smith, W B Meares, Baltimore; H B King, South Carolina; R Harris, Washington, D C; A W Check, Orange; R E Best, Baltimore; L Chapman, Asheville; Thos F Sigourney, Baltimore; J C Rogers, Durham; Hon Jno Kerr, Reidsville; Wm E Clarke, New-Berne; Hon J L Henry, Asheville; W F Jones, Franklin county; R W Norris, Jr, Baltimore.

A Mistake Corrected.

While riding in a Niagara-street car, at Buffalo, N. Y., said Mr. A to Mr. B, "I was mistaken the other day." "How?" said Mr. B. "You remember we were talking of Dr. Pierce and his Lovalids' and Tourists' Hotel, and I questioned the Doctor's ability to cure catarrh or consumption, and stated that a friend had used his medicines with little or no relief. To satisfy you I wrote my friend, and here is his reply:"

DECATUR, ILL., Aug. 6th, 1877.

FRIEND A:—In reply to yours, just received, asking what effect Dr. Pierce's medicines had on me, I would say, three years ago I expected to die with consumption. I had long suffered with catarrh, my throat and lungs were badly affected, and my system was rapidly breaking down, I had tried many physicians and remedies without benefit. Having seen good results follow the use of Dr. Pierce's medicines, I resolved to give them a thorough trial. In six months' time I was entirely cured. No medicines stand higher, in my estimation, than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. They not only saved my life, but have made me a hearty and strong man.

Very truly, yours,
S. M. IRWIN.

Important to Dealers in Guano.

Messrs. A. C. Saunders are now receiving a shipment of the justly celebrated L. & R. Phosphate, and are prepared to furnish dealers, at a low rate, who are out of stock. Send in your orders.

To the Southern friends of the New York Hotel, "New York."

This delightful Hotel, is still kept by a Cranston, and is in all its present appointments equal to its great reputation. The prices are as low, if not lower, than any other first class hotel in New York. Mr. James H. Cranston, nephew of the late Hiram Cranston, will have great pleasure in welcoming his Southern friends back to to their old home in New York again.

J. P. Gulley Offers

new style silk veiling at 65c., worth $1.25; ladies 2 button kid gloves at 50 cts.; great novelties in corsets at prices from 35 cts. to $2.00; Dr. Warner's health corsets at 50 cts. to $2.00. Especial attention is called to the grass corset at $1.50, for comfort. Straw matting at 20 and 25 cts.; also a nice line of dress goods, piques, &c., at bottom prices. I also call especial attention to the fact that I have the best ladies morocco shoe for $2.00 in the market, equal to Miles' or Ziegler's. Call and see his goods and examine prices. tf*

Wood!

I will sell, for cash, a consigned lot of wood, delivered at any house within the city limits, at the following reduced figures: Good oak at $3.00 per cord; woods pine at $2.75 per cord; field pine, seasoned, at $2.50 per cord. Also 100,000 brick, hard and salmon, cheap.

Office over M. T. Leach's store, Wilmington street. J. D. Whitaker. *

Unusual.

Mess. A. C. Sanders & Co., are to-day receiving ten (10) Car Loads L & R Guano. Notwithstanding the lateness of the season their orders are so much larger than they expected that they were compelled to order this shipment by telegraph. *

Hardware.

Stoves, tin ware and house-furnishing goods, the most complete stock in the city. A full stock of paints, oils, varnish, window glass and putty. Just received, a lot of the celebrated Howe's scales, which will be sold cheap, and warranted correct. J. C. Brewster, Holleman Building. *

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The largest and most complete stock of fishing tackle in the State is at Lumsden's. Merchants supplied at low figures. Lumsden also keeps a full stock of brown stone ware, crockery, lamps, tin ware, fluting machines, fountain pumps, table and pocket cutlery, nails, hoes, rakes, shovels, coffee roasters, gem oil stoves, tin chamber setts, and everything you wish to furnish your house with, is at Lumsden's *

The best Calico can be bought at Woollcott's open Front Store for 5 and 6 cents a yard, and he will sell you a good pair of Kid Gloves for 50 cents. *

Wanted—every one to be free from Pimples, Blotches, Boils, etc., which can be done by purifying the blood with Dr. Ball's Blood Mixture. Used everywhere. *

Travellers will find the Grand Central Hotel, New York, is one of the most excellent hotels in that city. Those who cannot be suited in price and accommodations there must be very hard to please indeed. *

Conveniently near the prominent business houses, all places of public interest and resort, and in the very heart of the best resident portion of the city, for good living, good treatment, and quiet comfort, the Colonnade Hotel, on Chesnut Street, Philadelphia, can be conscientiously recommended. *

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. oct26dawly

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE FOR WEAKLY PERSONS.—This excellent product of the grape is prescribed and used by the leading physicians in the county and by the most fashionable families at evening entertainments, and by churches for communion. ap 27-eod3t

Happy tidings for nervous sufferers, and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked. Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC Co. Cincinnati, O. no 18deodawly

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers.

Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for all diseases of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and, by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother. mar 1-dawly

DR. W. E. SCOTT, President of the College of Physicians, Montreal, writes: "I have recommended Cold-n's Liebig's Liquid extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator as the best preparation used for Debility, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever, Ague and Loss of Appetite." Williams & Haywood, Agents. ap 23-2w

25 FANCY CARDS, SNOWFLAKE DAMASK, Assorted in 25 styles, with name, 10 cts. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

RALEIGH MARKETS.

COTTON MARKET:

Reported by KELLY, PURDY & BREWER Official Reporters for the Board of Trade.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 25, 1878.

Middling,	9¾
Strict Low Middling,	9¼
Low Middling,	9
Strict Good Ordinary,	8½
Good Ordinary,	8
Ordinary,	7¾
Middling Stains,	8½
Low Middling Stains,	8¼
Good Ordinary Stains,	7¾@7¾
Tone of Market—Quiet.	

REPORTED BY R. F. JONES & CO

CITY MARKET—WHOLESALE CASH PRICES.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 25, 1878.

COTTON TIES, new,	4½
" " spliced	3½
BAGGING,	12 @ 13
FLOUR, North Carolina,	$ 6.00 @6.75
CORN,	60 @ 70
CORN MEAL,	65 @ 70
BACON, N. C. Hog, round	9 @
" hams,	10@11
BULK MEAT, Clear Rib Sides,	6 @6½
" shoulders,	5
NORTH CAROLINA PORK,	9 @ 7
LARD, North Carolina	10
" Western	9
COFFEE, prime, Rio,	19
" good,	17
" common,	16
SYRUP, S. H.,	28@30
MOLASSES, Cuba,	38 @ 40
SALT, Liverpool fine,	$1.50
SUGAR, white,	10 @10¾
" yellow,	8½ @ 9½
LEATHER, Red Sole,	20@ 27½
" tanned,	40
HIDES, green,	4 @4½
" dry,	10 @ 11
TALLOW,	7
POTATOES, sweet, per bush.,	30@35
" Irish,	$1.00 @1.50
OATS, shelled,	45 @ 55

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NOON.

LONDON, April 25

Consols 94 13-16. Erie 13.

LIVERPOOL, April 25.

Cotton steadier; middling uplands 5 15-16; middling Orleans 6 3-16; sales 10,000; exports 1,000; receipts 16,500; American 15,500. Futures partially 1-32 better; uplands low middling clause, April delivery 5 27 32; April and May delivery 5 27-32; May and June 5½; July 5 29-32; July and August 5 15-16; September and October 6 1-32; shipped March and April sail 5 15-16.

2 p. m.—Middling uplands 5 15-16; middling Orleans 6 3 16; low middling uplands 5½; good ordinary uplands 5 ; ordinary uplands 4¾. Futures dull; uplands low middling clause, shipped March sail 5 31-32; May and June sail 5 31-32; uplands low middling clause, new crop shipped November and December sail 6.

NEW YORK, April 25.

Gold opened at ¼. Stocks declining. Money 6. Gold 10¼. Exchange long 4.86½; short 4.89. State bonds weaker. Governments firm. Cotton dull and nominal; sales 192; uplands 10¾; Orleans 10¾. Futures steady; April 10.85@10.87; May 10.95@10.97; June 11.05@11.07; July 11.12@11.14; August 11.15@11.17; September 10.81. Flour unchanged and heavy. Wheat quiet and steady. Corn steady. Pork steady at 9.75@9.90. Lard firm; steam 7.25. Spirits turpentine quiet at 29½@30. Rosin heavy at 50@55 for strained. Freights heavy.

BALTIMORE, April 25.

Flour, fair demand and steady Howard street and Western superfine 4.00@4.50; extra superfine 4.75@5.25; family 5.50@6.50; city mills super 4.25@4.75; extra 5.25@5.75; Rio brands 6.75@7.00; Patapsco family 7.75. Southern Wheat firm and in good demand; Western firmer; Southern red 1.20@1.35; amber 1.36@1.37; Pennsylvania red 1.34@1.35; No. 2 Western winter red spot and April 1.31; May 1.31¼@1.31¾. Southern Corn quiet and steady; Western ¼ cent higher; Southern white 53@53½; yellow 53.

NIGHT.

NEW YORK, April 27.

Money easy at 5. Sterling quiet at 6¼. Gold steady at ¼@¼. Governments generally steady. States steady. Cotton quiet; uplands 10⅞; Orleans 10¾; sales 495; consolidated net receipts 27,587; exports to Great Britain 46,892; France 3,020; continent 1,489; channel 9,788. Futures closed steady; sales 33,900; April 10.90@10.53; May 10.95@10.96; June 11.05; July 11.11@11.12; August 11.14@11.15; September 10.81; October 10 61@10.62; November 10.51@10.52; December 10 52@10.53; January 10.58@10.60.

GALVESTON, April 25.

Cotton quiet; middling 10½; net receipts 458; sales 676; exports coastwise 512.

NORFOLK, April 25.

Cotton firm; middling 10¼@10½; net receipts 665; exports coastwise 2,825; sales 254.

BOSTON, April 25.

Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts 216; gross receipts 250.

BALTIMORE, April 25.

Cotton dull; middling 10½; net receipts 87; gross receipts 88; sales 160; exports coastwise 200; spinners 5.

Oats firmer; Southern 33@35. Rye dull and unchanged. Provisions dull and unchanged. Coffee dull; cargoes 13¾@17. Whisky steady at 6@6½. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Freights quiet.

WILMINGTON, April 25.

Cotton quiet; middling 9¾; net receipts 5; sales 20.

Spirits turpentine steady at 26½. Rosin dull at 1.25 for strained. Crude turpentine steady at 1.00 for hard; 1.75 for yellow dip; and 1.75@2.00 for virgin. Tar firm at 1.40.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.

Cotton dull; middling 10¾; net receipts 59; gross receipts 59; sales to spinners 274.

SAVANNAH, April 25.

Cotton quiet and steady; middling 9½; net receipts 98; gross receipts 193; sales 400.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25.

Cotton firm; middling 10¼; low middling 9¾; good ordinary 8¾; net receipts 401; gross receipts 1,337; sales 3,500.

MEMPHIS, April 25.

Cotton steady; bad weather checks business; middling 10; receipts 538; shipments 260; sales 1,200.

AUGUSTA, April 25.

Cotton quiet; middling 9¾@9⅝; receipts 45; sales 88.

CHARLESTON, April 25.

Cotton dull; middling 10¾@10¾; net receipts 60; sales 100.

LIVERPOOL, April 25.

Sales included 8,300 American. Futures dull; uplands low middling clause, May and June delivery 5 27-32.

HAPPY RELIEF.

To all suffering from chronic diseases of all kinds. Confidential consultation invited personally or by mail. New method of treatment. New and reliable remedies. Book and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes, address Howard Association, 419, N. Ninth st., Philadelphia, Pa., an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professionable skill. mayl8daly

TEN YEARS OF HORRIBLE TORTURE.—Mrs. Sarah Hanlon, of East 33d street, New York, for ten years bore, as patiently as she could, the agony of a leg swollen to four times its natural size, which was red and raw, and from which constantly oozed a blistering secretion. One week's application of Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia restored the hideous member to complete soundness. Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet. DR. GILES, 451 Sixth Avenue, N. Y.

Trial size 25 cents.
ap 24-daw6t

Durham Tobacco Market.

Reported by H. A. REAMS,

PROPRIETOR OF REAMS' WAREHOUSE.

DURHAM, N. C., April 19, 1878.

LUGS.—Dark	2@3
" Red,	3@4
BRIGHT LUGS—Common,	5@6
" Medium,	7@9
" Good,	10@14
" Fancy,	16@20
RED LEAF—Common Dark,	3@4
" Good,	4@5
" Fine, none on the market	
" Extra Fine, none on the market	
BRIGHT WRAPPERS—Common,	8@12
" Medium,	16@25
" Fine,	3 @ 0
" Extra,	55@65

Breaks light for past week, prices firm on bright wrappers and demand good. Special demand for fine wrappers, while common grades remain dull. Good bright fillers sell well.

Richmond, Va. Tobacco Market

Reported and Corrected daily by Telegraph, By HILL, SKINKER & WATKINS, Commission Merchants.

NEW BRIGHTS.

Fillers—Common to Medium (Leaf)	4½ @ 7
" Good to Very Good "	7½ @10
" Fine,	11@12½
Wrappers—Common	12@ 15
" Medium	18 @ 25
" Good to Very Good	30 @ 40
" Fine and Fancy as to Color, size, uniformity etc.,	45, 50, 55, 60 and 65
" Very Good to Fine Mahogany	35 @ 45
Smokers—Common to Medium	5 @ 8
" Good to Very Good	9 @12½
" Fine to Fancy	13 @18
" Fine, Fancy and Leaf suited for Cutting,	15 @ 20

Breaks to-day 2:1 Hhd's; 18 Fc. and 6 boxes. 87 pk'gs offered on change, of which 6 were sold at prices running from one to twenty one dollars. Market hardly so strong to-day

Winston Tobacco Market.

Reported by A. B. GORRELL, Dealer in Leaf Tobacco.

WINSTON, N. C., April 17 1878.

LUGS—Dark,	$ 1.50@ 2.50
" Red,	2.50@ 3.50
BRIGHT LUGS—Common,	3.50 @ 5.50
" " Good,	6.00@ 8.00
" " Fancy,	10.00@ 13.00
RED LEAF—Common to Good,	3.50@ 5.00
" " Good,	6.00@ 8.00
" " Fine,	9.00@12.00
BRIGHT WRAPPERS—Common,	12.00@15.00
" " Medium,	16.00@21.00
" " Fine,	22.50@35.00
" " Extra,	40.00@60.00
" " Mahogany Fine,	20.00@45.00
	as per quality.

Breaks have been quite full for the past week. All tobacco of character—very scarce and freely taken at above quotations, while common and medium nondescript are very plentiful and a shade lower.

Henderson Tobacco Market.

Reported by J. S. MEADOWS & TOWNES, Proprietors Meadow's Warehouse.

HENDERSON, N. C., April 18, 1878.

DARK.

Working Lugs—Common	$1.50 @ 2.00
" " good,	2.50@ 3.00
Leaf Filler—Common	2.50@ 3.00
" " Good,	3.50@ 4.00
Wrappers—Common,	5.00@ 6.50
" Good,	8.00 @ 10.00
BRIGHT.	
Smokers—Common,	$3.00@ 5.00
" Good,	6.00@ 8.00
" Fine,	10.00@18.00
Fillers—Common,	3.50@ 5.00
" Good,	7.00@ 9.00
Wrappers—Common,	10.00@ 12.00
" Good,	15.00@25.00
" Fine,	30.00@45.00
" Fancy,	50.00@60.00

Tone of market, better feeling for all tobacco in good sale order.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ Advertise in a paper of universal circulation, a paper which maintains right principles in all things; a paper acceptable alike to good men of all parties; and such a paper the NEWS is conceded to be by all men whose opinion is worth having.

Virginia Home

INSURANCE COMPANY.

ANNUAL STATEMENT.

ASSETS.

Real Estate owned by the Company	$45,000.00
Stocks and Bonds—market value,	77,172.00
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages,	50,129.20
Loans on Collaterals,	16,227.87
Bills Receivable,	7,117.01
Premium Notes,	3,314.54
Interest accrued,	4,739.62
Premiums in course of Collection not,	7,965.20
Rents accrued,	685.00
Office Furniture,	2,000.00
Cash in Office,	254.79
Cash in Bank,	10,047.23
Gross Assets,	$383,493.26

LIABILITIES.

Unpaid Losses,	$8,995.25	
All other liabilities,	953.97	
		9,869.32
		$273,623.94
Capital,		$200,000.00
Reinsurance Fund,		33,617.40
Net surplus,		40,006.54
		$273,623.94

NORTH CAROLINA BUSINESS IN 1877.

Fire risks	$ 977,000.00
Premiums received	12,633.34
Losses paid on risks taken	12,553.66
Losses incurred	14,003.16

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE,
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT,
Raleigh, April 24th, 1878.

In compliance with Section Eight of "An Act Concerning Insurance," ratified March 12th, 1877, I certify that the above is a true extract from the sworn statement of the Virginia Home Insurance Company to December 31st, 1877, now on file in this Department, and the statement is hereby approved.

JOS. A. ENGELHARD,
ap 27-1t Secretary of State.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

New Goods Every Day.

CAKES AND CRACKERS,

Fresh Alphabet's and Autumn Leaves,

Victoria's, Dessert's and Ginger Snap's.

FRUITS

Fresh London Layer Figs and Raisins,

Fresh Messina Lemons and Oranges,

Fresh Cocoanuts and Dates,

50 Cases

Fresh Canned Tomatoes and Peaches,

Cucumber Pickle and Chow Chow by the gallon.

Uncanvassed Sugar Cured Pig Hams 7 a 1 Mb.

Southampton, Va., and Magnolia Hams.

Smoked Broiling Beef. City Cuts 7—10 lb.

Thin Sugar Cured Breakfast Strips 2—4 lb.

California Boneless Ham's 2 to 4 lb. 12½ cts.

CHOICE FLOUR.

Fresh lot N. C. Family Flour. We warrant every sack of our N. C. Flour and if it does not give perfect satisfaction parties buying are at liberty to return.

Teas and Coffees,

We again invite the attention of the public to our stock of Teas and Green and Roasted Coffees.

We call especial attention to our stock of Fish, No. 1 new N. C. Trimmed Herrings at one cent a piece; No. 1 new N. C. Roe Herrings at two cents a piece; new early caught Family Mackerel one cent a piece.

ap 26-1t

Alternately Shaken

And Scorched by the paroxysms of chills and fever, the wretched sufferer for whom quinine has been prescribed essays in vain to exterminate the dreadful disease with that hurtful palliative, which at best only mitigates the violence of the fits, and eventually proves highly injurious to the system. In order to effect a thorough cure of malarial fever, whether intermittent or remittent, or to render the system impregnable to its attacks, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters should be used daily. That this medicine is a searching eradicant of diseases generated by miasma, and a reliable safeguard against them, is a fact so widely recognized in this and other countries that to adduce evidence in support of it is unnecessary; but were it either essential or desirable to do so, it may well be supposed that from the testimony corroborative of its claims, which has been accumulating during the last twenty-five years and over, sufficient proofs might be gathered to convince the most inveterate skeptic. ap 13-dawtf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. J. THOMAS

No. 8 Martin Street, Raleigh, N. C.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchant.

WILL RECEIVE, SELL, OR STORE, AND ADVANCE ON COTTON. Low rate of interest and storage charges. Refers to Citizens' National Bank Raleigh, N. C au27'77-daw1y

To the Farmer and Merchant.

I solicit your shipments of Grain, Forage, Flour, Bran, Meal, Butter, Eggs, Chickens and Cotton. The highest market prices guaranteed and prompt returns made.

COTTON A SPECIALTY.

W. C. McMACKIN.
ap 25-tf

Telephones to Suit Your Money.

50 Sacks Family Flour,
300 Bus. Peas,
1 Car N. C. Hay and
1 Car N. C. Fodder, just received on consignment.

ap 25 tf W. C. McMACKIN.

PORT!!

We will receive to-morrow fresh Invoices of Port Wine (W. & J. Graham, Oporto,) Imported Gin, Pure and Choice, Cognac, Planat & Co. Gordon & Dilworth's Blackberry Brandy, Younger's Ale (St. Ann's Brewery, Edinburgh) Fass' Pale Ale, Guinness' Dublin Porter, Clarets, Sherries, Champagnes, California and Scuppernong Wines, Pure Whiskies, &c. These goods are all in the original Packages, pure and genuine, and specially suited to the wants of Invalids and delicate persons We keep no inferior goods in this line.

HARDIN, GRIMES & CO.
ap 25-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR RENT.

The two story frame building recently occupied by the late E. G. Woodson, pleasantly situated on the South west corner of Fayetteville and Cabarrus Streets. Having a number of commodious and airy rooms; a large and beautiful lawn, comfortable outhouses, and with water in yard. This is a most desirable home.

For terms and further particulars apply to J. J. THOMAS,
No. 8, Martin Street,
mr 6-tf Raleigh, N. C

RAILROADS.

SCHEDULE OF TRAINS

To Take Effect Thursday, January 24th.

PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, PETERSBURG, VA., January 24, 1878.

Going South.

New York Express leave Petersburg daily at	9:50 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	12:25 P. M.
Southern Express leave Petersburg daily, except Monday, at	12:35 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	3:17 A. M.
Freight with Passenger Coach attached, leave Petersburg daily, except Sunday, at	12:25 P. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	6:10 P. M.

Going North.

New York Express leave Weldon daily at	3:30 P. M.
Arrive at Petersburg at	6:12 P. M.
Southern Express leave Weldon daily, Monday's excepted, at	2:37 A. M.
Arrive at Petersburg at	6:15 A. M.
Freight, with Passenger Coach attached, leave Weldon daily, except Sunday, at	7:00 P. M.
Arrive at Petersburg at	12:25 A. M.

First class coaches and palace cars will run through between Wilmington and New York on day trains, and sleeping cars on night trains. Sleeping car births can be had for one dollar from Richmond to Baltimore. No change of cars.

Through tickets sold to all Eastern and Southern points, and baggage checked through.

L. E. CLARKE,
Dispatcher of Trains.
R. M. SULLY, General Superintendent.
feb 24-tf

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD, }
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, }
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 19, 1878. }

On and after Sunday, January 19, 1878, trains on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

MAIL TRAINS.

Leave Raleigh at	10:30 A. M
Arrive at Weldon	3:00 P. M
Leave Weldon at	12:40 P. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	5:15 P. M

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Raleigh at	9:30 P. M
Arrives at Weldon	5:40 A. M
Leaves Weldon at	8:30 P. M
Arrives at Raleigh	5:20 A. M

Mail train makes close connection at Weldon with the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and Bay Line Steamers via Baltimore, to and from all points North, West and Northwest, and with Petersburg, Richmond, and Washington City, to and from all points North and North-west. And at Raleigh with the Raleigh and Augusta Air-Line to Haywood and Fayetteville, Hamlet, Charlotte, Wilmington, and all points South.

JOHN C. WINDER,
mr 6-tf General Superintendent.

CONDENSED TIME

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

Time, Feb. 3rd, 1878. *Meal Stations	No. 1. Daily.	No. 3. Daily.
Lv Greensboro	5.25 p m	8.45 a m
Ar Salisbury	7.35 p m	10.3 a m
Lv Salisbury	7.37	
Ar Air-Line Junction	*9.15 p m	*12.15 m
Ar Charlotte	9.42 p m	12 30 p m